PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette

No. 53,774—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1906. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

Milkmaid BRAND **Milk**
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. Saturday, 2 P.M. 1906.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
28th Apl.	CALEDONIA	7558	......	......
5th May	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6522
12th ,,	ARABIA	7903	......	......
19th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6898
26th ,,	MACEDONIA	10512	......	......
2nd June	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
9th ,,	PERSIA	7951	......	......
16th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
23rd ,,	EGYPT	7912	......	......
30th ,,	ORIENTAL	5284	DONGOLA	8050

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 7th March, 1906.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured,
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
SANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application,
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks,
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents,—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
YARRA	4,255	Sellier	17th May 1906.
NERA	5,876	Schmitz	14th Jun. ,,
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	12th July ,,
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	9th Aug. ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT, AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	28th April 1906.
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	26th May ,,

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.
Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 35, 2nd class Rs. 585, 3rd class Rs. 295
For further Particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Agent.
27, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

APRIL 10TH.
ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY via KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO
LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA);
LIVERPOOL and other Ports.
RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

From Bombay to	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess.		B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.		2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.	
	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	400	640	320	480	300	450
Port Said	425	680	340	510	320	480
Marseilles or Genoa	525	850	450	700	390	590
Liverpool	550	900	470	720	420	640
London via Marseilles (overland.)	600	†950	525	*770	450	*675
Karachi	40	--	40	...	40	...

† Return journey from Liverpool, but if outward bound steamer calls at Marseilles, return journey from London Rs. 1000.
* Return journey from Liverpool only.

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
B	Trafford Hall	5800	Mar 24	Apr 5	Apr 24	Apr 30
B	Branksome Hall	6000	,, 30	,, 13	,, 25	May 1
A	City of Calcutta	11000	Apr 24	May 7	May 16	,, 21
B	Merton Hall	7000	,, 14	Apr 28	,, 11	,, 18 Direct
B	Prome	4400	May 1	May 15	,, 27	June 2
A	City of Agra	4320	,, 14	,, 28	June 9	,, 16
B	City of Karachi	5800	,, 24	June 6	,, 16	,, 21

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—
Messrs. EDWARD BATES & SON'S AGENCY.
(KILLICK, NIXON & Co.)
Agents, LINES ELLERMAN OF STEAMERS,
Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.
Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing	Date	Time.	Route,—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon.	30 Apr.	11 a.m.	P'Bunder & Cutch
LAMA	2170	Tues.	1 Mar.	5 p.m.	Kathiawar Ports
KOLA	1200	Thur.	26 Apr.	10 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie
LHASA	2170	Frid.	27 Apr.	8 a.m.	(direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.
S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on MONDAY, 30th April, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera, and Busreh, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.
S. S. "KOLA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 26th April calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.
S. S. "JUMNA," 4,635 tons, on or about 26th April, calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.
S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,917 tons, on or about 30th April.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).
Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Strait Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to :—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
24th April, 1906.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

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CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co,

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT,

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX.	G. Ghezzo	4,191	1st May, 1906
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st June ,,

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class	2nd Class	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
*† PERSIA	P. Craglietto	5894	7th May ,,
*† FILIPPO ARTELLI	A. Radoniolo	5834	9th June ,,
*† TRIESTE	D. Mistrorigo	5096	8th July ,,
FRANZ FERDINAND	C. Matcovih	6046	20th ,,
† NIPPON	S. Tomanovich	6316	21st ,,

* Will call at Karachi, † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE,

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS

1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced Fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer or the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	To sail on or about
NIPPON	S. Tomanovich	6,316	28th April, 1906.

For further particular regarding Passages Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent-General.
Sassoon House, 54 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th May 1906.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	16th June ,,
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th July ,,

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	600	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 2 years	900	525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY to SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th May 1906.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Dodero	17th June ,,
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th July ,,

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO, Agent,
Hornby Road, No. 58,

PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS.

DAY, DRESS, TENNIS, 6 FOR RS. 24, 30, 36.

NÉGLIGE, SOFT FRONTS, STIFF CUFFS,
SMART & COMFORTABLE, 3 FOR RS. 13-8, OR SIX FOR RS. 26.

BY PRACTICAL ENGLISH CUTTERS.

HOAR & CO., {THE RECORD SHIRT MAKERS.} **BOMBAY.**

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,

WINES, GENERAL MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS.

105, MEDOW'S ST. FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE GORGONZOLA PARMESAN and ENGLISH CHEDDAR CHEESE.
CAMEMBERT and MENANTHA CHEESE in tins.
MORTADELLA in tins and on cut ; SALAME ITALIAN ; HAM and BACON.
MACCARONI ; VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, LENTILLES, HARICOT BEANS.
PURE OLIVE OIL, and WINE VINEGAR (Italian), BLACK and GREEN OLIVES (loose.)
SALTED ANCHOVIES (loose), CALAMATTA GREEK OLIVES in tins.
Various other kind of Provision and Oilmanstores in tins and bottles all fresh and just unpacked.
MARSALA (TRAPPANI) highest awards the best wine. VERMOUTH (ITALIAN and FRENCH) CHIANTI (by Nencioni) first in all Exhibitions.
GRIGNOLINO CLARET sold by us is the GENUINE ARTICLE much appreciated. Rs. 10 per doz. bots.
ELIXIR CHINA (liqueur), a tonic restorative.

MONGINI BROTHERS

RECEIVE ORDERS FOR

WEDDING CAKES

ARTISTICALLY DECORATED AND DISPATCH THEM SECURELY PACKED IN ANY PART OF INDIA.

WEDDING CAKES

OF ANY MAGNITUDE AT SHORT NOTICE.

MONGINI BROTHERS

25-27-29 Church Gate Street—Bombay.

PLEASE NOTE THAT

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA

IS THE ONLY ONE

In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA ! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies ? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only, I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion.

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co., etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

The "Times of India" in its report of the GREAT FIRE AT LAHORE, says :—"The fire was found by a moderate breeze and was unchecked for many minutes by any sort of extinguishing appliance."

"MINIMAX"

HAND

FIRE-EXTINGUISHER.

THE FIRE ENGINE OF THE FUTURE AND EVER-READY MEANS OF PROTECTING LIFE AND PROPERTY.

MORE THAN 75,000 Sold Within Two Years AND OVER 1,000 Actual Fires Extinguished.

THINK THIS OVER SERIOUSLY.

No business house can really afford to be without the protection which the "Minimax" affords, being a ready and easily controlled means of effectually extinguishing an outbreak of fire which might, without its aid, prove a serious conflagration.

NOTE.—We will have much pleasure in answering any enquiry by return of post, or if resident, in or near Bombay, our "MINIMAX" representative will call on you.

SOLE AGENTS IN BOMBAY,

MARCKS AND CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE HOTEL CONTINENTAL,

Nos. 9, 10, 11 & 12, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

THIS FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situated in the healthiest and most fashionable European quarter of the City, commanding a splendid view of the Maidan, fitted with every convenience and comfort, maintains, as it has always done, a high class reputation for its cuisine.

The TABLE D'HOTE is reserved for Hotel residents and their guests only.

The RESTAURANT A LA CARTE and PRIVATE TIFFIN and DINING ROOMS receive special attention.

A large LADIES' PAVILION has been constructed with the object of affording additional comfort to Ladies and their friends, where they can enjoy their afternoon Tea or Ices and Light Refreshments in quietude. Visitors are kindly requested not to smoke in the drawing room on any account.

NO PUBLIC BAR KEPT.

F. A. BOSCOLO. Proprietor.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

THE TWO FAVORITES.

KING'S LIQUEUR WHISKY,
TENNENT'S PILSENER BEER.

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

BECK'S PILSENER BEER KEY-BRAND.

A PERFECT BEER FOR THE TROPICS
Wholesome, light and refreshing, bright and sparkling.
A RELIABLE AND PURE
MALT AND HOP BEER,
tested in numerous analyses by eminent English and Continental experts.

Frequent shipments constantly received.
(Obtainable from all WINE MERCHANTS and DEALERS in BEER.)

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

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BOMBAY AND POONA.

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Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

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HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

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R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

TO SMOKERS.

SOMETHING NEW
ARDATH TOBACCO'S CO.'S
Astorias, State Express in every kind and Number,
CRAVEN MIXTURE
AND
Various kinds of
EGYPTIAN AND VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
ALSO
Mild Indian and German HAVANA CIGARS
ALWAYS IN STOCK
We allow large Discount to Messes, Clubs, Hotels, &c.
Upcountry Orders by V. P. P.
PRICE LIST on APPLICATION.
Please register your order soon
AT
E. E. GOREY & CO.
NAVAL TAILORS AND CIGAR MERCHANTS,
OPPOSITE Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.,
21, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT BOMBAY

EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS.

THE CURE FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

THE never-failing effects of EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS in curing these distressingly painful diseases, have secured to them a celebrity unequalled by any medicine of past or present times. They not only give relief in a few hours where the patient has been driven almost to madness by the horrible excruciating tortures of this disease, but restore to perfect health in an inconceivably short space of time—in most cases giving relief from the intolerable pain in one or two hours ; one bottle will frequently carry off the attack in two or three days, even when the patient has kept his bed for as many weeks, and sometimes months.

The authenticated proofs of decided approbation, sent unsolicited to the Proprietor, from all parts of the kingdom and from all classes of society, with a rapidly increasing [illegible] le, and a demand for them at home and abroad unparalleled fully warrants the assurance that no person subject to these disorders will, after a trial, be without them.

PREPARED ONLY BY
GEORGE EADE, 232, GOSWELL ROAD, LONDON, E. C.

and sold every where in bottles, 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d.

Wholesale Agents for India :—Messrs. KEMP & Co., BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

WARREN'S GRAND CIRCUS
AND
MENAGERIE OF PERFORMING WILD ANIMALS.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

GREATEST SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN BOMBAY.

PACKED HOUSE Opinion of Public and Press. The very BEST CIRCUS that has ever visited Bombay.

This GRAND CIRCUS is here for a SHORT SEASON only, so don't fail to give it a visit and see
THE WRESTLING LION,
THE PERFORMING COCKATOES,
THR FUNNY CLOWNS.

A SPECIAL MATINEE

TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY, for Children.

Half price to all Seats for Children and Ayahs accompanying them.

PRICES:—

Box to hold six, ...Rs. 20 Dress Circle ...Rs. 2
Single Seat in Box ...Rs. 4 Stalls ....Re. 1

Gallery—for Natives only 8 annas.

Soldiers in uniform HALF PRICE to Stalls and Chairs.

A special place will be reserved for Native Females

Box Plan of Reserved Seats at SEYMOUR DOVE & Co.

SHAH-STEAM NAVIGATION LINE.

FOR COAST PORTS & RANGOON

Steamer's Name.	Gross Tons.	Capt.	Date of Departure.
S.S. COROMANDEL.	4,652	W. H. Holloway, R.N.R.	25th April.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

	Gross Tons	Capt.	Date of Departure.
S.S. FOYLE	4,147	Johnson	30th May.

Excellent 1st, 2nd and Deck Accommodation.
Fitted throughout with Electricity.
For freight and other particulars apply to

ESSAJI TAJBHOY,
Apollo Street, Fort.

Bombay, 12th April, 1906.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's s.s. "NIPPON," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, via KARACHI, are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and REQUESTED TO TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the VICTORIA DOCK, No. 8 Berth.

The Company's Surveyor, Captain MACFADYEN, will attend every morning to survey damages and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted within Seven Days after the discharge of the cargo, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys can be allowed after the Seven Days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

E. SCARPA,
Agent-General, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

AUCTIONEERING.

GIBBONS & Co. are the only EUROPEAN AUCTIONEERS in Bombay. Their Paper—"Exchange & Mart and East India Bureau"—is second only to the "Exchange and Mart" published in England.

GIBBONS & Co,
AUCTIONEERS, HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS,
Next to Currency, Bank,
BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS are INVITED for ADMISSION to the Central Police Training School in accordance with the conditions published on page 494 and 495, Part I, of the "Bombay Government Gazette" of the 19th April, 1906.

R. B. STEWART,
Inspector-General of Police.

Poona, 20th April, 1906.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of JAIKISONDAS HARKISONDAS, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, a pay Clerk in the employ of the B. B. and C. I. Railway, deceased.

MANGALDAS JAIKISONDAS, son of the abovenamed deceased, of Bombay Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Malhar Rao Wadi outside the Fort, one of the Executors named in the said Will..............................Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR LAWRENCE H. JENKINS, K.C.I.E., Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Eighteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Six and in the 6th year of our Reign.

L. N. BANAJEE,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court of Bombay.

A. M. KAJIJI,
The 18th day of April, 1906.

Messrs, CHITNIS & MOTILAL,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

THE GRAM AND BARLEY STORES,
LOWER COLABA.
BRANCH GOWALIA TANK ROAD.

OUR STORE is WIDELY PATRONISED by a large number of Gentlemen for our Gram, Barley, Oats, Bran, Nutritious and Invigorating HORSE FOOD, LINSEED, URID, and ENHARDI POWDER being of superior and sound quality, very clean and cheaper than the market dealers or any other houses. We have good certificates of gentlemen for the same. LOCAL DELIVERY FREE.

Special attention will be paid to mofussil orders. A single trial order will prove its recommendation. Intimation by a P. C. ensures prompt delivery

---

SIMLA,

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Offices on THURSDAY, the 3rd May, 1906, at 3 P.M. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Bombay Improvement Trust Memoranda—Forwarding excerpts from the Trustees' Proceedings.

Letters from the Commissioner.

2 Requesting sanction to an alteration in the regular line of Parel Road.

3 Forwarding for opinion Government letter regarding the proposal of the City Improvement Trust to remove the French Bridge after the completion of the new bridge north of the Chowpatty level-crossing,

4 Requesting sanction to an agreement being entered into with the Kurla Municipality for a further period of 3 years for the supply of water within their Municipal limits.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

5 Recommending approval to the payment of an additional compensation of Rs. 1,000 for property No 34-36, Gola Lane, Fort.

6 Recommending approval to the payment of compensation at the rate of Rs, 1-4-0 and Re. 1-8 0 per square yard respectively. for two plots of land at Worli plus 15 per cent for compulsory acquisition,

7 Recommending approval to the acquisition of a plot of land at Boiwar Lane at an estimated cost of Rs. 6,300.

8 Government letter—Proposing a settlement of the question of the payment to the Municipality of the fees for music licenses, etc.

9 Letter from the Commissioner—Requesting sanction to an alteration in the regular lines of Thakurdwar Road.

10. Notice of Motion from Mr. S. C. Dhondy—For obtaining a report from the Commissioner regarding the conditions under which the cowdung cake industry is carried on in various parts of the City.

11. Letter from Mr. Bhukandas B. Desai—Reporting his having taken charge of his duties as Municipal Auditor.

12. Letter from Mr. Bhaishanker Nanabhai—Applying for leave of absence for three months from the Corporation's meetings.

13. Memorandum from the Commissioner—Forwarding the Municipal Analyst's report as to the work done by him during January and February, 1906.

Notices of Motions from Mr. Jaffer Rahimtoola—

14—15. (14) For appointing a Committee to consider the question of discontinuing or reducing the Corporation's contribution towards the cost of public vaccination. (15) For appointing a Committee to consider the question of discontinuing or reducing the Corporation's contribution towards the maintenance of the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.

16. Letter from the Commissioner—Reporting the extra establishment sanctioned by him for coping with the epidemic of Rinderpest.

17. Letter from Mr. T. W. Cuffe—Resigning his seat on the Corporation.

Letters from the Commissioner—

18. Enquiring whether, in the circumstances stated, he should take any action in regard to the conversion of Chore Gully into a public street.

19. Forwarding a report as to buildings constructed within the regular line of the street, etc., from 1st January, 1904, to 31st July, 1905,

20. Forwarding a report as to the bacteriological or other scientific work done by the Health Officer and the Divisional Health Officers since their employment in Municipal service, etc,

21. Forwarding the Executive Health Officer's Report for the first quarter of 1906.

22 Reporting as to the condition of water in the Tank behind the old Government House at Parel and enquiring whether quarterly reports on the subject should still be submitted.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

23 Recommending approval to the purchase of two properties falling within the proposed Hamalwadi Road and its frontages for Rs. 10,000 and Rs. 11,100 respectively.

24 Recommending that in reply to their petition regarding the leakage from the Bhandarwada Reservoir at Mazagon, Rev. Father H. S. Nicholson S. S. J. E. and others be informed that the matter is receiving attention.

25 Recommending that in reply to his letter regarding cruelties to animals slaughtered for human food in India, Mr. Labhshanker Luxmidas be informed to the effect of the reports received from the Commissioner.

Letters from the Commissioner—

26 Reporting measures taken on account of an outbreak of Rinderpest amongst the bullocks of the meat van service;

27. Forwarding a Government Resolution which sanctions the City Improvement Trusts Sion-Matunga Street Scheme No. VI.

28. Forwarding report on the subject of making experiments as to the ventilation of Sewer Gases and on the effect of vent pipes fixed to houses on the health of people residing round about.

29. Submitting with his report, a proposal of Government to fill in the Nakhoda Tank behind the St. Xavier's School,

30 Reporting as to the engagement of the services of soldiers for a period of three months in connection with the extermination of rats.

31. Reporting as to the construction of latrines by the Military Authorities on a portion of the ground required in connection with the Marine Lines Overbridge.

32. Reporting as to the resignation of the late Chief Storekeeper,

33, Reporting as to the temporary appointment of a Plague Assistant to the Health Officer,

34. Forwarding a report as to the probable causes of the unhealthiness of the houses in the neighbourhood of Malabar Hill Reservoir, etc.

35. Forwarding reports regarding the action proposed to be taken with regard to the high level of the sub-soil water in certain parts of the City.

36. Submitting a quarterly return of houses visited, etc.. for purposes of the Epidemic Diseases Act.

37. Notice of Motion from Mr. N. N. Katrak—For obtaining a report as to whether ventilating shafts could abate the stench emanating from storm waterdrains.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

38. Forwarding for information, a letter signed N. N. Pavri, regarding certain work done in the set-back portion of Dr. Sukhia's building at Cowasji Patel Street, together with the Commissioner's Report thereon,

39. Recommending sanction to the excess expenditure of Rs. 172-7-6 incurred in connection with the replacement of a main in Zaoba's Oart at Girgaum Road, being met from the worn out Water Mains Renewal Fund.

40 Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 6,420 to meet the cost of the additional staff required to work three gully flushing engines.

41. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 931-13-7 to meet the amount of wages to be paid to the workmen engaged on the Tulsi Tunnel Repair work, for the days they were absent on account of illness contracted in the execution of their duty.

42. Notice of Motion from Mr. Dinsha Bomonji Pestonji Master—For obtaining a report from the Commissioner as to the desirability of having house-gullies cleaned and washed at least once a week and of getting the work done by gangs of men with brooms and buckets instead of with flushing engines.

Letters from the Commissioner—

43. Reporting as to the advisability of controlling the traffic carried on with hand carts.

44. Reporting as to the widening of the road north of the eastern approach of the Grant Road Bridge.

45. Reporting as to the action taken by the Executive Engineer in disapproving certain proposals for buildings, etc.

46. Reporting as to public water troughs in the City.

47. Reporting the circumstances and events of the recent fire at Chuckla Street.

48. Joint Schools Committee Letter—Forwarding the School Fund Budget for the year 1906-07.

49. Notice of Motion from the Honourable Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta—For adding certain rules to the Corporation Rules.

50. Letter from Mr. Jameshedji Ardeshir Wadia—Applying for leave of Absence from the Corporation's meetings up to 31st December, 1906.

51. Government Letter—Replying to the proposal to enlarge the proposed Committee for the investigation of the question of introducing free and compulsory primary education into the city.

52. Memorandum from the Municipal Secretary—Reporting certain Budget transfers sanctioned by the Standing Committee.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

53. Regarding the taking over of the Maratha Hospital by the Municipality and the construction of small-pox wards and nurses' quarters at the Arthur Road Hospital.

54. Regarding the proposal of Government as to the apportionment of the cost of the maintenance of the Public Museum.

55. Regarding the continuance of the provisional arrangements for outside work to be done in the Municipal Laboratory.

By Order of the President,

M. N. WADIA,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay. 24th April, 1906.

NOTICE.

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Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

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No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instruction from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs, MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (Standard Time) the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

The materials of buildings street No, 85-87 Khumbarwada Street,

The materials of buildings street Nos 11-15, Old Nagpada Lane,

The materials of buildings street Nos 61-63, 5-156, 30, 13-14, 2-10 Mahomedkhan Pakhadi.

The materials of buildings street Nos, 9-10, 1-2, Bengalpura Cross Lane.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 26th instant, Messrs MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction Sale at their Rooms, of a quantity of piece-goods and sundry goods &c.

3 cases white shirtings.
On account of the concerned.
2 bales damaged fents.
1 case damaged bobbin nets.
2 cases damaged cigarette papers.
1 case biscuits.
ex s. s. Trafalgar.
F S M & Co.—1 cases damaged medicine.
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MENESSE & Co.,

Bombay, 25th April, 1906.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

THE SALES of landed properties at Oondria and Hoozria Streets, near Two Tanks, Kamatipura, and vacant land at Iria, which were advertised to take place on the 24th, 25th 26th and 27th Instant, are POSTPONED until further INTIMATION.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 26th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Middle Colaba, opposite the Post Office, the valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture, such as dining table and chairs, sideboard, dumbwaiter, meatsafe, marble-top table and teapoys, drawing room, suit of sofas and chairs, cabinet, bedsteads, almyrahs, clothes presses, chest of drawers, marble-topped, dressing and wash-hand tables, windproof lamps, pictures, rich table, ornaments, mahogany square piano by Schiedmayer and Sochne, miniature billiard table, etc,, the property of R. H. Frost, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On FRIDAY, the 27th Instant, at 2 p m Messrs CRAWFORD & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Maldon House, Marine Lines, the valuable and neat substantial made teakwood and blackwood household furniture such as dining table, mirror sideboard, dumbwaiter drawing-room, suit of sofas and chairs, cabinet, marble-top table and teapoys, English bedsteads, single and double almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, marble-topped dressing and wash-hand tables, sweettoned cottage piano by Rose & Co, lady's buggy, stud bred mare very reliable quiet in both saddle and harness highly recommended, winner of first prize at Ahmedabad, Horse Show Last year, ladies' and gent's English saddles, riding bridles, rich glassware and crockery ware, best plated ware, wind proof, lamps, rich table ornaments, Brussels carpets 400 daystime piece in dome, almost new free wheel gent's bicycle fitted with Dunlop tyres complete from the Bombay Cycle Agency, etc, the property of J E Bridgen Esq. proceeding to Europe,

Also, Rubber tyred Ralli Cart, suitable for pony.

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Under instructions from the Administrator-General as the Administrator of the estate of late Rao Bahadur Purbhoodas Kisondas, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co, will sell by Public Auction on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of April, at 4 p m., the following landed property:—

All that piece or parcel of land bearing Survey No. 68 and admeasuring 295 square yards or thereabouts with a house or tenement standing thereon and which is bounded as follows: On the north by the road from the Adalat to Nanpoora, on the east, by the road of Jiwanram Lakha, on the west by the Khabrawar Road and on the south partly by the property of Baje Manor Gopal and partly by the property of Hargowandas Gangadas.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

On SUNDAY, the 29th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the Narayan Daboolker Hill or Parel Hill, behind the Government House, Parel, valuable and neat substantial made dining-room, drawing-room and bed-room furniture, large mirror back sideboard, corner and side cabinets, suite of velvet lined sofas and chairs, marble-topped tables, teakwood and iron bedsteads, almyrahs, dressing and wash-hand tables, sweet-toned cottage piano by Rose and Co., nearly new D. B. B. L. gun, by E. M. Reilly and Co. camera, child's mail cart, free wheeled gent's bicycle, a large lot of carpenter's tools, Surat she goats, fowl house, sewing machine, English ice-box, cooking stove with chimney, marble-topped ebonywood, writing table with nine drawers, copper cooking utensils, riding saddles by Dent English rubber tyred victoria, garden plants, &c., the property of W. M. Watson, Esq. Dist, Loco Superintendent G. I. P. Ry., proceeded home.

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BONA FIDE SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 1st and WEDNESDAY the 2nd Proximo at 2 p. m. each day Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "New Bunnee" Peddar Road, Cumballa Hill, the very valuable and substantial blackwood, teakwood and English-made dining-room drawing-room and bed-room furniture, rich glassware and crockeryware, best platedware, clock by James McCabe, first rate large cabinet size, organ with 12 rollers, marble and bronze statues and figures on marble pillars pictures, Brussels carpet, windproof lamps, rich table ornaments, English built landau and vis-a-vis, handsome large size marble garden post on stands, etc., the property of the late Dady Manekji Limji Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view five days before the sale.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On FRIDAY, the 4th proximo, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Warden Road, Breach Candy, nearly opposite the Mahaluxmi Temple, valuable and neat French-polished teakwood and blackwood dining room, drawing room and bed room furniture, glassware and crockeryware, Bikaneer large durree carpets, windproof lamps, Norwich canaries in cage large collection of choice garden plants in tubs and pots, etc the property of Frank Harrison, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 25th April, 1906.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

ON SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 11, Jenkins House, Apollo Bunder, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, dining table and chairs, sideboards and dumbwaiters, drawing room suites, drawing room cabinets, glass door almyrahs, handsome sweet toned ebonized cottage piano, marble-top dressing and wash-hand table, rich pictures and oleographs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich carpets, &c., &c., the property of Capt. A. E. Tipper.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view

On SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 3-30 p. m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

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1 handsome strong victoria, in very good order.
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The property of Mr. Otto Willrich,
1 handsome strong iron grey Arab horse, 8 years, goes well in harness.
1 handsome strong brown C. B. horse, aged, goes well in harness,

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Catalogues will be published and the property on view three days before the sale.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at top floor, "Sargent House," Apollo Bunder, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain, and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, dining table and chairs, sideboard, drawing rooms sofa, cabinets, glass door almyrahs, cupboard, one handsome sweet-toned ebonized cottage piano by "S. Rose & Co.," rich pictures and oleographs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, iron and wooden bedsteads, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich carpets, etc., etc., the property of W. Lane, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view three days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 25th April, 1906.

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Manager.

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THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E. C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL—Fcs. 1,50,000,000, (£6,000,000.)

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay Tunis, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney and all principal towns of Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World,

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise, etc.

L. COMBE,
Manager

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL.............................. £800,000
RESERVE FUND.................. £875,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.............. £800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET
LONDON.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES

Hamburg,	Medan, Deli (Sumatra)	Hongkong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Karachi	Kwala Lumpor	Saigon
Calcutta	Bangkok	Shanghai
Madras	Batavia	Tientsin
Rangoon	Sourabaya	Hankow
Colombo	Manila	Yokohama
Penang	Cebu (Philippines)	Kobe
Thaiping		New York
Ipoh (Perak)		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the worlds buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 2 per inch); Fourth and onward Two Annas Re. 1 per inch); Twice or Once a week; First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 3 per inch); Fourth and onward Three Annas per line (Re. 1-8 per inch), Minimum Charges Rs. 2.

SALE! SALE!! SALE!!! Real Cheap Bargains, 25th April to 31st May. First comers secure the best bargains. See below.—J. OAKES & Co., 59, Hornby Road, Bombay.

SALE! SALE!! SALE!!! Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Dress, and Suit Cases, Gladstone, Kit, and Hand Bags, Harness, Sadlery, Bed-Straps, Collar boxes, Purses, Holdalls, Miscellaneous Leather Goods and Travellers Requisites, See above and below.—J. OAKES & Co., 59, Hornby Road, Bombay.

SALE! SALE!! SALE!!! OUR LAST ANNUAL SALE as the present Company changes hands from 1st June, owing to its conversion into a larger Company. Shares available apply by letter for particulars.—J. OAKES & Co., 59, Hornby Road, Bombay.

TO LET FURNISHED.

NEAR TENBY FURNISHED HOUSE in beautiful situation, Sea Views, private path to Sea, 3 Reception, 5 Bedrooms bathroom H and C, mild climate good boating bathing.

Apply. "F. A. W." Care of Messrs. GRINDLAY GROOM., Bombay.

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.

DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE.

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles; also for Naptha Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL Co. of New York,
31, Hornby Road, Bombay.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

5,000 Tons of STEEL BEAM
in all Sections and Weights,
ALSO
STEEL ANGLES, TEES,
PLATES, CAST IRON PIPES,
GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON SHEETS
kept in Stock, ready for delivery.
Full particulars and prices from

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building,
HORNBY ROAD.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM. BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand Englishbuilt CARRIAGES, LANDAUS, BROUGHAMS and VICTORIAS by well known Makers FOR SALE.

CARRIAGE repairs of every description will be executed with prompt attention.

HOUSES Furnished with the latest styled, neat Furniture.

FURNITURE of the latest design FOR SALE and on HIRE, and also made to order.

CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, and PLATED WARE, &c., FOR SALE and on HIRE.

SECOND HAND BOOKS.

	Rs.	a.
Adventures of Gerard, by A. Conan Doyle ...	0	8
Shakespeare, Vol. II, 6 plays	0	6
Francis Bacon, Vol. I	0	6
(ABOVE IN PAPER COVERS.		
Bridge Topics by "Lynx"	0	8
Studies, by B. C. Mahtab	0	8
Overheard, by Skene Dhu...	0	8
Henry Brocken, by W. I. de la Mare ...	0	8
Poems, by Joseph Furtado	0	4
The Queen's Resolve, by Charles Bullock ...	1	0
Crowned to Serve, by Charles Bullock ...	1	0
"Out of the Depths," by Pitt Bonarjee ...	1	0
Tamil-English Dictionary, by G. U. Pope ...	3	0
The Buddhist Catechism, in Tamil	0	4
Fireside Astronomy, by D. W. Horner ...	0	8
Sangeet Balopadesh, by B. B. T...	0	8
Echoes of the East, by Xenos	0	4
Schedule D., by S. W. Flint	0	4
Hindu Social Progress, by N. S. P. Garu ...	0	4
The Conversion of India, by Pitt Bonarjee ...	0	4
The Wife and Mother, by Vincent	1	0
German Grammar, &c., by Louis Lubovius ...	0	12
Physical Drill, by Kempster and Kaye ...	0	12

In paper or limp cloth, Apply XX "Bombay Gazette."

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The rates of Subscription to the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" are as follows:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—Delivered free.

IN ADVANCE.		IN ARREARS.	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. [illegible]
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ [illegible]
Quarterly	„ 13	Quarterly	„ 15
Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 6

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY

IN ADVANCE.		IN ARREARS.	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. [illegible]
Half-yearly	„ 29	Half-yearly	„ [illegible]
Quarterly	„ 16	Quarterly	„ 18
Monthly	„ 6	Monthly	„ 6-8

These Up-Country Rates Include Postage.

SINGLE COPY.................................As 4.

Price for Back Numbers varies according to lapse of time between As 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENT:—

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion ....Rs. 5
Second do ....[illegible]
Third do ....[illegible]
Fourth and succeeding insertions..............As. 2 per line, but no Advertisements counted as less than 8 lines.

All advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest types, 12 lines of which make an inch.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENT.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servants required, Houses or Lodgings, as change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale of Advertisements belonging to any of these cases is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ....Re. 1-0
Each succeeding the line 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES:—EACH—TWO RUPEES.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion..............................As. 8 per line
Second do ....[illegible]
Third do ....[illegible]

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for the considerable time, special contracts may be made.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" WEEKLY BUDGET.

Post Free.

Per Annum ....Rs. [illegible]
Half-yearly ....[illegible]
Quarterly ....[illegible]

Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to "The Proprietor" of the "Bombay Gazette."

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FISH SEASON 1906
OYSTERS
IN PRIME CONDITION.
POMFRETS, SALMON, PRAWNS,
PACKED IN ICE AND SENT TO ANY RAILWAY STATION IN INDIA.

This being a seasonable speciality, W. B. GREEN & Co. make every necessary arrangement for the PROMPT DESPATCH of all goods ordered to ensure their arrival in good condition.

For the prevention of unnecessary delay, please address all orders direct to W. B. GREEN & Co., Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

W. B. GREEN & CO.,
PROVISION SUPPLIERS TO
H. E. THE VICEROY & OVER 300 CLUBS AND MESSES,
APOLLO BUNDER,
BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO MOTORISTS.

ENTIRELY FRESH STOCK OF ENGLISH-MADE
MOTOR-GOGGLES
Most decent in appearance
Suitable for Hot Climate.
ALSO
ENGLISH-MADE
CLINICAL THERMOMETERS
of Best quality and highest make.

CAN BE HAD OF
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & CO.,
OCULISTS AND OPTICIANS,
7, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite General Post Office.

PRICES EXTREMELY MODERATE.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further extensions and renovations.
Rooms airy and commodious
with Bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

BURMAH PETROL.

"PETREL BRAND" gives most regular and economical work. Special Rates to MOTOR CAR OWNERS. Apply for prices and counterfoil order book to SHAW, WALLACE & Co., Agents, The Burmah Oil Co., Ld., Church Gate Street Fort Bombay.

STOMACH AND LIVER DISORDERS
ARE RADICALLY CURED BY
ACORIDINE.
THE INFALLIBLE INDIGESTION CURE.

An excellent preparation for all stomachic affections arising from debility or want of tone in the digestive organs.

It affords immediate relief in cases of DYSPEPSIA, and its effects in Torpid Liver and Constipation are marvellously beneficial.
Rs. 1-4 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY
BEYNON & CO.,
ENGLISH CHEMISTS, BOMBAY.

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Wimbledon, 2436 tons, Captain H Coward, arrived in harbour on the 22nd instant from Aden in ballast.

THE steamer Northumbria, 2756 tons, Captain G H Cheshire, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer Titania, 2153 tons, Captain W Remnent, sailed yesterday for Hull and Antwerp, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Messrs. Walker and Geeting and Mr and Mrs Batchelor and child.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—April 24.

Chusan	3852	Kenrick	P & O Co
Goalpara	1302	Muir	M M & Co
Naderi	1113	Mylcrist	B & P S N Co
Florican	2381	Work	Cory Bros & Co
Oolobaria	3136	Walkeys	M M & Co
Baron Innerdale	2139	Fullerton	W & A G
Franklynn	5151	Brown	W & A G & Co
Nerbudda	1960	Manley	M M & Co
Jumna	2987	Fenwick	M M & Co
Dwarka	759	Bamber	M M & Co
Kt of the Garter	4295	Stanhope	K Nixon & Co
Coromendel	2783	Holloway	E Tajbhoy
Bulimba		Watkeys .. P Gulf	M M & Co
Ras Dara	2495	McCambridge	W & A Graham & C
Clematis	2329	Davies	W & A G & Co
Duplex	433	Hunter	Cable Steamer
Breconshire	2323	Elliot	S Wallace & Co
Drumcondra	2934	Masser	K Nixon & Co
Kasara	504	Morrison	M M & Co
Kelchattan	2424	Higgins	M M & Co
Quiloa	4942	Anderson	
Kilbridre	2853	Gibson	K Nixon & Co
Fizoozi	2038	Fruin-Hill	B & P S N Co
Kola	510	Lamoge	M M & Co
Loodiana	2153	Hodgson	M M & Co
Trafford Hall	3436	Hood	K N & Co
Northumbria	2756	Cheshire	Morrison & Co

ARRIVALS.

Apl.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
23	Northumbria s	Cheshire	Calcutta, Apr 11
22	Wimbledon s	Coward	Aden, Apr 14

DEPARTURES.

Apl.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
24	Shira'a s	Scott	Calcutta
	Bulimba s	Bamber	Persian Gulf
	Lama s	Cutbush	Karachi, &c
	I G T S Pk Stewart	Tindall	Karachi
	Titania s	Remnant	Antwerp, &c

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Nippon, for China
" Thorndale, for Liverpool, &c
" Quiloa, for Calcutta, &c
" Karara, for Persian Gulf
" Kt of the Garter, Havre, Marseilles, &c

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Apr.	Vessels.	Names.	From
21	Rajput	P J Morgan	Rangoon
22	Dalmatia	J Hamilton	Liverpool
	Bueeros	J Hutchion	New York
	Ethiopia	A R W Handcock	Rangoon

DEPARTURES.

Apr.	Vessels.	Names.	To
	Kapurthala	J H Addenbrooke	Chittagong
	Lawada	W C Lemarchand	Bombay
22	Sofala	W W Allen	Mauritius
	Lismore	T R Sloane	Bombay
	Goodwin	T T Clucus	Bombay
23	Ohla	H M Chelland	Bombay
22	Bharata	A J Windeband	Rangoon
23	City of York	J Black	London
22	Workman	W W Bond	Rice Port
23	Swazi	A W Dobbs	Boston & New York
	Venetia	J McMorran	Bombay

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Goorkha, left Marseilles homewards on the evening of the 22nd instant.

The P and O steamer Egypt, arrived at Suez from Bombay on the evening of the 22nd instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Massilia, arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the evening of the 23rd instant.

The N Y K steamer Colombo Maru, left Colombo, for Bombay to-day and is due here on Friday 27th instant.

The homeward bound Messageries Maritimes Co, steamer Ville-de la Ciotat from Bombay arrived at Aden, on Tuesday the 24th instant at 1 a.m.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Persia, from Japan, left Rangoon for Bombay on the 23rd instant.

DAILY EXPORTS, APRIL 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Australia s—20 bales wool R Dossa and Co ; 6 cwt currypowder M Poonjiajee and Sons ; 40 bales wool G Gamanmal

Leander s—1,000 cwt myrabollams Dharsee Nanji and Co

FOR LONDON.

Australia 50 bales hides M J Joomabhoy and Co ; 112 bales skins W and A Graham and Co : 45 bales hides R M Kooka 25 cwts horns R Dhanji and Co ; 30 cwt olibanum A Chagla and Co ; 102 bales hides E D Sassoon and Co ; 9 bales hides B Esmail 520 cwt myrabollams David Sassoon and Co ; 160 cwt dry ginger and 5 cases nutmeg S Bhimji 67 bales skins H A Abba and A H Mahomed 53 bales skins and hides Ewart Latham and Co ; bundles carpets G P Stavrides and Co ; 200 cwt gum D Vallybhoy and Co.

FOR HULL.

Clan Mackinnon s—453 cwt myrabollams G Madhawji 414 cwt castorseed David Sassoon and Co

Castello s—2000 cwt cottonseed Ernst Lam and Co ; 201 cwt fennygreek A Blascheck and Co ; 1000 cwt cottonseed Louis Dreyfus and Co

FOR NEW YORK.

Coledonia s—1 bundle carpets G P Stavrides and Co ; 8 bales skins Max Klein.

FOR ST PETERSBURG VIA HULL.

Castello s—606 bales cotton Ralli Brothers

FOR NORRKOPING VIA HULL.

Castello s—252 bales cotton Ralli Brothers

FOR GOTHENBURG VIA HULL.

Castello s—58 bales cotton Ralli Brothers

FOR HAVRE.

Djibouti s—2000 cwt rapeseed John Fachiri 500 cwt horns M Mahomed and Co

FOR ANTWERP.

Thorndale s—499 bales cotton fly Khimji Vizram and Co

FOR STOCKHOLM.

Castello s—50 bales cotton Ralli Brothers

FOR HAMBURG.

Stolzenfels s—51 bales hemp G Madhowji 1016 bales cotton Ralli Bros ; 110 bales cotton Gaddum and Co

St Fillans s—473 bales cotton Ralli Brothers 789 bales cotton W Wolf and Sons 275 bales cotton fly K Hurmukhrai and Co ; 15 bales cotton fly F F Campbell and Co ; 2000 cwt bonemeal R Kaderbhoy 1000 cwt myrabollams A H A Carim and Co

FOR MARSEILLES.

Djibouti s—11500 cwt gingelly seed 2000 cwt groundnuts and 1000 cwt castorseed Louis Dreyfus and Co ; 15 cwt gingellyseed J Fachiri

Australia s—503 cwt linseed Ralli Brothers

Wimbledon s—1000 cwt crushed bones M Jamal

FOR FLEETWOOD.

Windsor s—250 tons manganese ore R A Willis

FOR TRIESTE.

Imperatrix s—187 cwt olibanum G Spiral 224 bales cotton Ralli Bros

FOR VENICE.

Imperatrix s—100 bales cotton S M Bulley and son

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, APRIL 23.

SECURITIES—		
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	90 1-16	+ 1 16
3 do. Rentes	98 3-4	unchanged
11-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	105	do
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	63 1-4	do
SILVER—		
Spot in London	30 3-8	+ 5-16
2 months hence	29 15 16	+ 5-16
Spot in New York	65 5 8	+ 3-4
EXCHANGES—		
Paris cheques	25·11 1-2	+ ·01
Berlin "	20·49	— 1-4
New York Demand	4·81 1-4	unchanged
DISCOUNTS—		
Bank of England	3 1-2 per cent	unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 1-2 do	do
6 " " "	3 1 2 do	do
3 " " Fine Trade Bills	3 3-4 do	+ 1-8
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7-8 do	unchanged
INTEREST—		
Day to day loans	3 1-4 do	+ 1-8
7 day market loans	3 1 4 do	+ 1-8

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £300,000 for North America

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 5s 4 1-4d sellers

WHEAT—
Red Karachi 29 1-2 June-July sellers quiet but steady
Afloat for U K 3,930,000 bushels.

RAPESEED—
Brown 40 1-4 A-M sellers easier

LINSEED—
Linseed Fold 45 1-2 A-M buyers easier

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 8 1-16

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

	£
Silver to Calcutta	270,000
Gold to do	10,000

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed quiet. East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 10,000 bales. Spot 6·08 — ·06. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 10 3-8 unchanged. Sold on speculation and for Export, 2,000 bales. Imports 10,000 bales. Futures closed easier.

Apl.-May	May-June	June-July
5 86	5 86	5 87
—11	—11	—10
July-Aug.	**Aug-Sep.**	**Sep.-Oct.**
5 87	5·82	5·68
—09	—10	—09
Oct.-Nov.	**Nov-Dec.**	**Dec.-Jan**
5·61	5·60	5·60
—09	—09	—09

Receipts at U S Ports	15,000	bales
Do last year	24,000	"
Exports to Great Britain	7,000	"
Do. do Continent	12,000	"

IN NEW YORK—

Spot	11·65— 5
Futures, month of July	10 86—21
Do. do. Dec	10·31—13

} a

a Declined owing to bulls unloading and to official weather reports considered favourable.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	11 1-8 — 3 16
Futures, month of May	10·31 — 19
Do. do. July	11·07 — 21
Tone at close	steady

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 48 hours, ending at 6 p. m. on Monday, 23rd April 1906 :—

Cotton	13,398	bales.
Wheat	13,190	cwts.
Linseed	11,323	do
Rape, Rai and Mustard	10,832	do
Gingellyseed	457	do
Poppyseed	6,153	do
Groundnut	207	do
Castorseed	10,319	do
Rice	76,652	do
Myrabollams	2,578	do
Cottonseed	25,533	do
Mowraseed	nil	
Gram	4,832	do
Jowar	6,119	do
Maize	100	do

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Gold Bullion, Rs. 6,82,036
Ex Oceana from Sydney and Perth
Gold Coin, Rs. 27,810
Ex Oriental from Aden

BOMBAY, APRIL 24.

EXCHANGE.—Tone

Bank T. T.	1s. 4d.
Bank Demand	1s 4 1-32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D.A.	1s 4 1-4d
Do. 6 do. do.	1s. 4 3-8d
French Francs 3 do. do.	170
Marcks 3 do. do.	138 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days Sight	151 1-2
Shanghai 30 do	211
Japan 30 do.	150 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone quiet.

Cash	99 1
1st Settlement, 30th April	99-1

Money Market, Tone, steady.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England	since 5th April.	3 1-2	per cent.
Bank of Bombay	do. 29th March	6	do.
Bank of Bengal	do. 12th April	5	do.
Bank of Madras	do. 3rd do.	7	do.

SEEDS,

	Rs.	a.	p.
LINSEED—Tone quiet.			
Ready	8	1	0
Forward April-May	8	7	0
RAPESEED.—Tone quiet.			
Brown Cawnpore Forward April-May	7	2	6
Yellow Cawnpore Forward April-May	7	8	0
Yellow Guzerat Forward April-May	7	10	0
POPPYSEED—Tone dull.			
Ready	8	0	0
CASTORSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	35	12	0
GINGELLYSEED—Tone firm.			
15 per cent. Mixed	46	8	0
25 do. do	45	8	0
50 do. do	44	8	0
Black Kutnee	42	0	0
WHEAT—Tone quiet.			
White Delhi April-May	4	13	3
White Pissi	4	13	0

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	easier
Estimated sales	10,000 Bales
Imports	31,000 "

April-May	May-June.	June-July
5·82	5 82	5 83
—·04	—·04	—·04
July-Aug	**Aug.-Sept.**	**Sept.-Oct.**
5·83	5·78	5·61
—·04	—·01	—·04
Oct.-Nov.	**Nov.-Dec.**	**Dec-Jan**
5·57	5·56	5·56
—·04	—·04	—·04

COTTON.—The local market is easier and prices are Rs. 2 lower. The enquiry from all sides is limited, and the premium hitherto asked for May delivery has disappeared, without, however attracting buyers.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited :—

	Fine.	F.-G.	Good	Dely.
Bengal. H. G.	193	188	...	Ready.
Bengals M. G.	203	193	...	25th April
Sind-Punjab (M. G.)	202	192	...	do.
Oomrawuttee (descriptions) M.-G.	214	207	...	do.
Khandeish (M.-G.)	212	203	...	do.
Julgaum (M.-G.)	213	207	...	do.
Khangaum, fair staple (M.-G.) Karanja do. (M.-G) Akola do. (M.-G.)	215	208	...	do.
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)	218	212	...	do.
Nagpur Kamptee (M.-G.)	226	220	...	do.
Broach (M.-G.)	271	263	...	do.
Muttia (M.-G.)	212	205	...	do.
Dharwar (S.-G.)	...	...	268	a
Westerns	...	...	245	a

a Nominal 25th May.

THE HONGKONG YARN MARKET.

Messrs. P. B. Petit and Co., writing from Hongkong on April 8, report as follows :—

The inertia advised in our last continues with a steady decline of dollars one to two per bale. This is due to forced sales and continued interselling by Chinese of their own holdings at heavy sacrifices. We have had fairly good news from the consuming districts. There have been good rains there and hopes are entertained of an early revival. The northern markets also report favourably. There is a good business doing at Shanghai, although rates are lower there than those prevailing here. Shipments to that port from Hongkong by importers as well as native dealers continue on a large scale and have helped to relieve our market to a large extent of its accumulations. Nearer home native dealers are feeding themselves on the hope that, with the circulation of Chinese subsidiary coins being appreciably checked, the rate of discount, which is beginning to go down to 35 dols. per every 1,000 dols. will fall further, and after the Third Chinese Month which is a traditional period of inactivity, the market may be expected to be enlivened.

As regards spinning mills, Japan seems to be following the example of American in the matter of combinations and trusts, and according to some recent reports "Mill Combines" are in the air there. Bombay, on the other hand, is making serious efforts to introduce an innovation which may greatly benefit the numerous mills working there and the success of which in the long run may encourage Japan to follow suit. In the annals of the industrious history of India, the late Mr. J. N. Tata will be a name ever to be associated with industrial revival in India. He it was who first conceived the idea of utilising waterfalls and supplying Bombay mills which hydroelectric power. After his death his sons, who have worthily stepped in the shoes of their father, carried the idea further and they are now working with an English Syndicate to carry it into effect. The Indian Government is said to be giving its support and sympathy to the projected scheme.

The market closes steady.

A fairly good business is reported in No. 20s, at a decline of dollars one to two per bale. Only two threads Cooria and Motilal are wanted at dols. 134 and dols. 132 respectively, dollars two above the last prices, as some of the dealers have sold in excess and spot cargo not to be found.

No 16s. has attracted the attention of Shanghai buyers and some selected threads changed hands at quotations.

A moderate business is reported in No. 12s. at a decline of dols. 1 per bale on last prices.

No. 10s. fared the worst. Though sellers are offering to quit a decline of dol. 1 to dols. 3 per bale, buyer restrict themselves to purchase for their actual requirements only.

No business is reported in Nos. 8s and 6s.

Sales during the past fornight comprises about 855 bales of No. 10s, 330 bales of No. 12s. 330 bales of No. 16s. and 1,310 bales of No. 20s. in all about 2,875 bales.

Arrivals per steamers Namsang, Laisang and Catherine Apcar (from Calcutta,) and steamers Filippo, Artelli, Capri, Pekin and Ceylon (from Bombay) of about 22 200 bales for this port. and about 17,000 bales for Shanghai.

Shipments to Shanghai and the Northern Ports about 10 500 bales.

Unsold stock is estimated at about 84,000 bales.

The Uncleared stock is estimated at about 60,000 bales.

No business is reported in Local as well Japanese Yarn.

Cotton :—Sales are reported of about 650 bales of Bengal, dols at 22 to 24 dols. per picul.

Exchange :—We quote to-day as under :—

India	T. T.	at Rs. 153 1/4 per cent.
"	Demand	at Rs. 153 3 4 "
London	T. T.	at Sh. 2. 01/2d. =dols.
"	Demand	at Sh. 2.0 9/16d. =dols.
Shanghai		at Tls. 71 1/2=dols 100.
Silver		at 30 1/16d. per oz.

THE SWADESI MOVEMENT.

APPRECIATION OF LORD MINTO'S ATTITUDE.

THE Swadesi "Movement" as an economic movement divested of all political significance, is unexceptionable, and has the heartiest sympathy of all, the officials not excepted. His Excellency the Viceroy in the course of the Budget debate remarked.—

I say to the supporters of Swadesi that if Swadesi means an earnest endeavour to develop home industries in an open market for the employment and for the supply of the people of India, no one will be more heartily with them than myself.

Government has a sincere desire to see our industries develop and expand. The measures that have been taken for agricultural and industrial development testify to it. The Stores Committee, that is now holding its session, proves once for all the anxiety of the Government for the larger introduction of indigenous articles into common use. We all, therefore, wish Godspeed to the Movement.

But very few among the well-wishers of India, will have a kind word to say of the Swadesi Movement used as a political weapon against England, and degraded into a commerical Boycott. Such a Boycott should not be thought of in our existing relations with England. Besides, it cannot succeed in the present state of our industries. Shops are bad substitutes for factories, and so long as the manufacturing capacity of the country is not increased hundredfold, there is not much chance for a Boycott.

TWENTIETH CENTURY SMUGGLERS.

ON the island of Inishmurray, in the West on Ireland, smuggling is carried on to-day in exactly the good old romantic way, by running cargoes ashore at night. Recently there was a seizure, of which the "Freeman's Journal" gives an interesting account. The island lies some five miles off the rock-bound coast North of Sligo Bay, is some two miles long, and contains some fifteen families. There are no police or other officials of any kind on the island, the inhabitants, who number about a hundred being ruled by a popularly elected king. As a scant crop of barley is grown on the sheltered side of the island, and there is plenty of fresh water there are all the materials at hand to make the poteen which finds ready customers on the mainland. On this particular night a big consignment was to have been landed, but the police lay in concealment and allowed the boats which were laden with some thirty small casks to touch the shore. The islanders however taking alarm drew away from the shore again and threw the casks overboard, marked the spot and afterwards fished up seventeen of the casks, representing some hundreds of gallons. The remaining thirteen are still at the bottom unless the islanders have fished them up since. No arrests were made—the Inishmurray men got clean away.

These Inishmurray, islanders have a long tradition in the matter of illicit distilling. Seventy years ago, as we learn from a letter written by John O'Donovan, who visited the island in July, 1836, they depended altogether on their illicit stills for a living. The letter is now preserved in the Ordnance Survey collection of the Royal Irish Academy. O'Donovan writes :—There are 102 inhabitants, reckoning men, women, and children, on this island. They are of indolent habits, and are supported by illicit distillation. The people from the neighbouring shores supply them with barley, potatoes, and other articles of food for the stomach and the still, for which the islanders give them in return a defined quantity of uisce beatha. There is but a small portion of the island cultivated, the people being so very indolent and depending altogether for support upon the produce of the still and the success of a few fishermen. The revenue police, however, sometimes circumvent them, and reduce them to a woeful state by seizing upon large quantities of the mountain dew. Yet, notwithstanding the danger, they will continue to distil and invent new methods of evasion."

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	12	6	9
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	34	30	53
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	55	46	60
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	10	8	22
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	49	36	97
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	13	8	24
G Mahim and Worli	14	13	29
Water Division	0	0	0
North-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	16	28
Total	187	163	322
Total plague deaths to date	313 185	186 732	
Same date last year	171	143	256

SMALL-POX.

Attacks.	Deaths.
5	3

CHOLERA

Attacks.	Deaths.
5	5

CLASSES of veterinary instruction are to be held in the Northern command during the hot weather. There will be three courses, each of six weeks' duration, commencing respectively on the 1st May, the 1st July and the 1st September, at Rawalpindi, Sialkot and Umballa. There will be one course, commencing on the 1st May, at Peshawar, Campbellpore, Mian Mir, Ferozepore, Multan and Jullundur.

Why buy Shop-Made Pastry?
When your Cook can so easily make your Pastries, Scones, Jam Sandwiches, Shortbread, Tarts, Tea Cakes, Little Dinner Loaves, etc., with
Brown & Polson's
raising powder
"Paisley Flour"
Tell Cook to try it next baking day.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATHS.

BULL—April 16, at the Convent, Agra, Elsie Muriel, the dearly loved and only child of Mr and Mrs S J Bull, N W Railway, Saharanpore, aged 8 years.

ELLIS—April 14, the beloved wife of Captain G A Ellis, the Cameronians.

SOUTHALL BROS. AND BARCLAY'S MEDICINES

	Rs.	a.	
The "A 1" OLIVE OIL Small bottle	0	6	each
Do. Large "	0	10	"
The "A 1" CASTOR OIL, Small bottle.	0	4	"
Do. Medium "	0	6	"
Do. Large "	0	10	"
BONCARINE (Benzine substitute) per bottle	0	7	
DEPILATORY SOAP (For removing hair) per pot	0	8	
LOFOTOL" (Sparkling Cod Liver Oil) per bottle	0	8	
MOSQUITO CONES, per box of 24	0	13	
PURITAN MARKING INK per bottle	0	10	

SOLE AGENTS :—
THE CHEMISTS.,
Kemp & Co. Ld.
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 36m. Sun sets, 6h. 20m. High water, 0-3m., 0-44a. Low water, 6-1m., 6-27a.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-15 p.m.
Bombay European and Eurasian Poor Fund Association, Messrs. Killick Nixon's office, 6-30 p. m. (S. T)
Warren's English Circus, Esplanade.

THE SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.—The Stewards of the P. and O. R. M. S. Caledonia will give a variety concert on Wednesday to-day the 25th inst at 8-30 p. m. Admission will be free, and there will be a collection in aid of the Institute Funds.

BOMBAY ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—The ordinary monthly meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B.B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Bombay, to-day at 6 p. m. (Standard time). The paper to be read is the Origin of the Practices of Circumcision and Idol worship as forms of non-Aryan Symbolism produced by non-Aryan Phallism and their Influence on Human Civilization and Progress, by Mr. R. K. Dadachanji, B.A., L.L.B.

DISOBEDIENT SAILOR.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday J Kelly and T. Dougherty appeared before Mr. Karsundas Chhibildas to answer a charge of disobedience of lawful command brought against them by Capt. T. W. Leighton, skipper of the s. s. Castillo. The Captain stated that the men had been disobedient and refused to work on the 17th, 18th and 19th instant, and repeated the offence on the 23rd. Both the accused pleaded guilty and said they did not wish to work on the vessel. The Magistrate sentenced them to 10 days' rigorous imprisonment.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lt Colonel. S. J. Sarjant V. D. and the Officers of 1st Batt G. I. P. Ry. Vols. Band will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Malandaine, Band Master, commencing at 6 p. m. to-day.

March	Namur	Lane
Finale Act 3rd	Regobleto	Verdi
Selection	Sergeant Brue	Lohmann
Serenade	Rococo	Helmund
Selection	Gli Ultimi Giorni Di Guli	Ferrari
Valse	Rosee Du Matim	Fahrbach

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO RESTAURANT.—The Victoria String Band will play the following programme of music, at the Pyrke's Apollo Restaurant between 7 and 10 p.m., to-day :—

March	Blaze-away	A Holzmann
Overture	Olivier Cromwell	A Lamotte
Valse	Whispers of Love	L Williams
Polka	The London Berlin	Karl Kaps
Selection	Lucrezia Borgia	Donizette
Barn Dance	Ping Pong	F Brocket
Valse	Laguesen	J Strauss
Cake Walk	The New	H Finck

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Zanzibar, Mombasa and Lamu per extra s. s. "Jumna" will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a. m., to-morrow, the 26th April instead of to-day, the 25th as previously advertised.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, Delagoa Bay and other places in South Africa per extra s. s. "Pongola via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m., on the 2nd May. A supplementary mail will also be closed at the 3rd May at 7-30 p.m.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, Delagoa Bay and other places in South Africa per extra s. s. "Umfali via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m, on the 30th April. A supplimentary mail will be closed on the 1st May at the same hour,—A mail for Egypt and Europe consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. "Imperatrix" will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to destination at 11-30 a.m. on Tuesday, the 1st May. Letters &c., for Aden will also be despatched by this steamer.

A BENI-ISRAL LAWYER.—The friends and well wishers of Mr. M. S. Ezekiel assembled at the residence of Khan Saheb David Solomon J. P. a leading member of the Bene Israel Community to bid good bye and bon voyage to Mr. Ezekiel who proceeded to England on Thursday last to prosecute his studies in law. Khansaheb David Solomon spoke in eulogistic terms of the career here of Mr. Ezekiel and succintly and lucidly pictured the bright future that was before him. He hoped that young Mr. Ezekiel would make the best of the opportunities that would be offered to him in England and would in due course of time be an honor to the profession he wished to adopt. He then cited certain examples of members of other communities who not only raised themselves in the estimation of the public, but also brought honor to their communities and showed how advantageous it would be if he came with some honors in law. Mr. Ezekiel thanked the assembly for their good wishes and promised to bear the advice given to him by Khansaheb David Solomon on behalf of himself and those present in his mind.

ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF COCAINE.—Yesterday at the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, disposed of a case in which Isufalikhan Mahomed, a Borah, stood charged at the instance of Inspector Gulamalli, of the Abkari Department, with transporting and being in possession of five ounces and a quarter of cocaine without the necessary license from the Abkari Collector. Mr. Chunilal H. Setalwad. barrister-at-law defended the accused. It appeared that in consequence of information received, the Grant Road Station was watched by the Abkari Officers and on the 10th February the Inspector, with Mr. Banaji, arrested the accused on the platform in presence of a "punch," and searched his effects. The search disclosed sixteen bottles of cocaine. In disposing of the case, his Worship remarked that the charge had been proved against him and that this was a case in which a sentence of imprisonment would be an appropriate punishment, but as the accused was ill and apparently in a bad condition, the Court would give him the option of a fine. He fined the accused Rs 300 with the alternative of one month's rigorous imprisonment.

TIMELY POLICE INTERFERENCE.—Yesterday, at the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, disposed of a case in which Inspector Carter charged Meerakmuhar Meerayana, a Pathan, with causing hurt with a stick to one Taoos Nocrai, also a Pathan. Evidence showed that about six hundred Pathans, Julais, had been meeting in the P. and O. Shipping Office to sign the articles, on Monday afternoon, when the accused suddenly went up to the complainant and without provocation gave him blows on his head with a heavy stick injuring his head and nose. The friends of the two parties then took up the squabble and were on the point of coming to blows when the timely interference of the police prevented a free fight. The complainant, the accused and his friends were arrested and taken to the Police Station. The complainant stated to the Court, that as he could not pay the accused a small sum of money borrowed from him, the latter assaulted him. His Worship in disposing of the case, convicted the accused and sentenced him to three months' rigorous imprisonment together with a fine of Rs. 30.

FLOATING A TREATY.

LORD ROSEBERY swears by a good dinner as the best lubricant for the wheels of diplomacy. It would be interesting to know what part the amenities of the dining-room have played in the Algeciras settlement. Let us have another look at it after lunch, was the invariable dictum of a statesman, who managed to find after his midday meal a silver lining to the cloud which looked blackest while breakfast was in process of assimilation. The cynics used to say that Lord Elgin's famous commercial treaty between America and Canada was floated through on champagne. And Laurence Oliphant, who was of the party admitted that that beverage, in the hands of a skilful diplomatist, is not without its value. But it was not all champagne. The Democrats were opposed to the scheme. Elgin and his confreres threw themselves into the giddiest round of festivities "I find that all my most intimate friends are Democratic Senators, said Oliphant one day to his chief. And they were—opponents in process of conversion."

The treaty was signed at dead of night. The chief man on the American side listens while he picks his teeth with a pair of scissors or clears out the wick of the candle with their points and wipes them on his hair. The clock strikes twelve: is it to-day or to-morrow? The point is settled, and the date made right. Lord Elgin signs, and the Secretary of State signs. The latter will be bullied to death by half the members of Congress, but the hand which signs the treaty has before now held a revolver, and may have cause to hold another. He has been Judge, a general Secretary at War, Governor of a State, an adventurer, a carpenter. He has lived half a dozen men's lives: is he to fear placing his signature beneath that of an English peer? Congress may rage, but the treaty goes through, and Elgin, Oliphant, and party, go on their way rejoicing.

GOLD AND SILVER.

The following is the statement of Imports and Export of Gold and silver during the official year 1905-1906 :—

GOLD.	Imports.	Exports.	Net Imports
In the month of Feb. 1906—			
Weight in ounces	144,319	125 036	19,283
Value in rupees	88,95,445	[illegible]	16,68,134
To the end of the month of Feb 1906—Progressive—			
Weight in ounces	2,208 493	2,231,440	22,947
Value in rupees	1,55,50,031	[illegible]	60,25,914
SILVER.	**Imports.**	**Exports.**	**Net Imports.**
In the month of Feb.—			
Weight in ounces	13,898,706	187 449	13,711,257
Value in rupees	2,72,02,832	4,18,479	2,67,04,383
To the end of the month of Feb. 1906 —Progressive—			
Weight in ounces	68,977,747	4,229,611	64,748,136
Value in rupees	[illegible]	1,10,60,789	11,99,84,082
TOTAL.	**Imports.**	**Exports.**	**Net Imports**
In the month of Feb. 1906—			
Weight in ounces	....	....	....
Value in rupees	3,60,98,307	77,24,790	2,83,73,517
To the end of the month of Feb. Progressive—			
Weight in ounces	....	....	....
Value in rupees	26,65,34,955	14,05,24,959	12,60,09,996

Silver received and coined in the Mints during the official year 1905-1906.

COINS AND BULLION RECEIVED (ASSAY VALUE IN TOLAS RUPEE STANDARD).

In the month of Feb. 1906.	Calcutta. Rs.	Bombay. Rs.	Total. Rs.
1 Bullion received for coinage of British Dollars	....	....	....
2 Old rupees received from Government Treasuries and Departments	14,46,980	11,20,829	25,67,809
3 Native State coins received for re-coinage into British Rupees*	....	1,30,674	1,30,674
4 Bullion received for Government coinage	62,72,232	1,84,47,725	2,47,19,957
5 Bullion received for coinage of fifty cent pieces	....	....	....
TOLAS RUPEE STANDARD. To end of the month of Nov. 1905	**Calcutta. Rs.**	**Bombay. Rs.**	**Total. Rs.**
1 Bullion received for coinage of British Dollars	....	....	....
2 Old rupees received from Government Treasuries and Departments	1,65,28,690	1,15,51,185	2,80,79,875
3 Native State coins received for re-coinage into British Rupees*	18	6,55,058	6,55,076
4 Bullion received for Government coinage	3,55,83,269	7,38,77,068	10,94,60 337
5 Bullion received for coinage of fifty cent pieces	....	2 02,451	2,02,451
COINED AND EXAMINED. In the month of Feb. 1906.	**Calcutta. Rs.**	**Bombay. Rs.**	**Total. Rs.**
1 British dollars (Tale)	....	....	....
Straits dollars (Tale)	....	....	....
2 Rupees*	89,00,018	2,30,10,023	3,19,10,041
3 Half Rupees and small silver coins value in rupees)	7,81,009	......	7,81,009
4 Fifty cent pieces (Tale)			
To the end of the month of Feb. 1906.	**Calcutta. Rs.**	**Bombay. Rs.**	**Total Rs.**
1 British dollars (Tale)	....	....	....
Straits dollars (Tale)	....	....	....
2 Rupees	5,73,00,228	9,87,49,216	15,60,49,444
3 Half Rupees and small silver coins (value in rupee)	37,04,922	....	37,04,922
4 Fifty cent pieces (Tale)	....	4,97,630	4,97,630

* British Rupees made over to Native States during the month :—

At Calcutta	Rs.	Nil.
At Bombay		85,027
Total		Rs. 1,85,027

OPIUM.

Bengal opium sale proceeds in April 1906, and Malwa opium pass duty in and to end of March 1906, compared with the Estimates :—

LATEST MONTH.

Presidency	Estimate.	Actual	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate.
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
In April 1906 Bengal	49,50,000 (Budget)	53,23,525	6 73,52	......
In March 1906 Bombay	8,00,000 (Budget)	2,55,600	......	5,44,400

One sale of Bengal Opium and twelve months' pass Duty of Opium Exported from Bombay, 1905-06

Presidency	Estimate.	Actual	Better than Estimate.	Worse than Estimate.
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
In April 1906 Bengal	49,50,000	53,23,525	6.73,525	......
In March 1906 Bombay	88,60,000 (Revised Estimate)	85,41,000	......	3,19,000

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury Calcutta, 2nd April 1906.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills :—

1	Amount to be remitted during 1905-06	£31,536,600
2	Remitted from 1st April 1905 to 31st March 1906 by Council Bills	£31,581,765
	By Gold	Nil
3	Amount remitted in excess over Revised Estimate	45,165 £

HOW TO KEEP COOL

All who suffer from the heat should add a few drops of Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath.

A Condy's Fluid Bath imparts a delightful sensation of Coolness, Freshness and Purity. It invigorates the body and braces the nerves. The Cooling effect is Simply Magical—It is so lasting.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

HOME OR HILLS?

In either case you want a really good Rug, and you can't possibly get better value than the genuine Clan Tartan pure wool "LALIMLI" Rugs made in Cawnpore.

Travelling Rugs, all Tartans
size 90 by 60, Rs. 12 each.

Dandy or Carriage Rugs
size 72 by 60, Rs. 9-8-0 each,
size 60 by 60, Rs. 8-8-0 each.

Send us a postcard now, and the Rug will be on its way to you in a few hours.

Anything else made of wool can be supplied from our works, including Flannels, Serges, Tweeds, Worsted Coatings, Homespuns, Friezes, &c. Also finest quality Underclothing.

Samples free on application.

DEPT. "G."

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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC
SURGEONS IN THE EAST.
By Appointment to
H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON,
P. C., G. M. S. I., G. M. I. E.,
VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL
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LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

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BLUTHNER'S
PIANOS ARE IDEAL
PIANOFORTES.

THE BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES must not be classed with the productions by makers who are keen in the battle-royal of competition as to who could produce an inferior Piano at the smallest possible cost. Mr. JULIUS BLUTHNER has secured the World's Highest honours by dint of energy and determination to perfect his productions and to construct Musical Instruments in accordance with the most approved modern standards and requirements worthy of the name of Pianofortes and to sell them at a moderate price which, compared with public waste of money on worthless articles, is not an excessive sum. The Bluthner Pianofortes are the only Instruments which will help to radically change one's whole life in the matter of Music in a few days. The mysterious secret of their wonderful success and their wonderful influence on Musical people is their marvellous Brilliancy, Sweetness and sympathy in Tone. The actions of the Bluthner Pianofortes being soft, easy and uniform, have the effect of rousing the pupil and the musician from careless interest to the highest possible attainment which natural ability warrants. They are the only Pianos, specially built for India, possessing soulful music in every string. All musicians regard the time when they started using a Bluthner Pianoforte as the best days of their lives.

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RUBBER TYRES
COUPE'S STEEL WHEELS.
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Inner Tubes & Outer Covers of all Sizes.
RUBBER MATTING, ACCUMULATORS
HORNS, &c., &c., &c.,
BICYCLE ACCESSORIES,
Tyres, Tubes, Etc., of Best DUNLOP make.
OUR GOODS CHALLENGE COMPETITION
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ARE GUARANTEED TO BE WITHOUT
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64 CIVIL LINES.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1906.

CONFUSION WORSE CONFOUNDED.

IF we thought the action of the Corporation in reverting to Local Time would lead Government to do likewise it would have our unqualified approval. We agree with the majority that the adoption of Standard Time has caused great inconvenience to the public. But we fail to see any hardship about it—unless it be that the inconvenience caused by the departure of the Homeward Mail on Saturday by Standard instead of Local Time amounts to a hardship. It has, it is true, completely destroyed the advantage Bombay possessed over other places in India of having the whole of the working hours of Saturday available for mail-correspondence. To deprive merchants of 40 minutes' time on the most valuable morning of the week may perhaps be accounted a hardship. But as to the change having caused inconvenience and annoyance to the vast majority—ninety-nine per cent of the population—there can be no possibility of doubt. It has shortened the hours of leisure and recreation, and prolonged the hours of work; and the uncomfortable feeling that the time is not what the clocks represent has not ceased to assert itself. The change was made without due consideration of the people's wishes. It was adopted by local Governments in deference to the determined attitude of Lord Curzon and, as in the division at the meeting of the Corporation, official representatives have been obedient to their employers, though not one of them has ever advanced a single argument to show the least advantage—except to travellers—to be gained by the adoption of the new system. Bombay should have been the last city in the Empire to agree to it, for there is not a day passes but the shipping community is put to inconvenience in consequence of the adoption of a fancy time which has no relation to anything scientific. The change having been made, however, we have no hope that Government will go back to Mean Sun Time which had, at least, proximity to accuracy and common sense to back it. We cannot expect that the present Government will do as its predecessor did in the days of Sir James Ferguson. The Corporation is more sanguine; so is the great majority of the people. But we cannot join them in the hope, and so we regret the Corporation adopted its resolution of Monday, for to have Government and the University clocks at eleven o'clock when the Market and Municipal clocks show 10-20½, and to have one lot of offices working by one clock and another by another, will simply make confusion worse confounded. Better to have left the arrangement alone, though better still would it have been if the public bodies had held out for a Scientific Zone time, and, failing that, have adhered to the Mean Sun Time they already had and which served them satisfactorily for so long.

"BOMBAY THE BEAUTIFUL."

A LETTER which appeared in our columns on Monday last, called attention to what the writer termed the "persistent vandalism" which is permitted in the name of public improvements in Bombay. He referred to the destruction of magnificent old trees and the spoliation of the Floral Fountain in particular. But he might have gone further in his advocacy of the formation of a society for the purpose of checking destruction and advancing the beautification of the City. Bombay is always quoted as one of the most beautiful cities of the world. But we have to thank Nature for what is beautiful. We owe very little to Art. Sir Bartle Frere knew what Bombay wanted and he laid the foundations of the modern city. Mr. Arthur Crawford, when Municipal Commissioner, pursued the right lines. But since then we have had no one in authority who has fully recognised the fact that to make utility the vehicle of beauty is the chief end in civic art. As Mr. Sylvester Baxter, one of the greatest authorities on Art in the Street, has observed, "use and beauty have too commonly been regarded as necessarily separate attributes; things of utility must be commonplace, and it is immaterial if the commonplace be ugly; its very ugliness makes us appreciate all the more the beauty of things rare, kept precious and apart—that is the view the multitude has been led to take and from which even many artists are not exempt." But a forced familiarity with ugliness dulls the taste for beauty, and so we have Bombay streets marred by the location of ramshackle aerated water stalls and ugly telegraph poles, villainous letter boxes and railings that are unfit to surround cattle-pens. Here and there we see attempts to make useful things artistic—take the railing along the B. B. and C. I. Railway line on the Queen's road—then compare it with the horrible things round the High Court, the Secretariat and the University buildings. Take the poles of the Telephone Company and compare them with those of the Government Telegraph Department. The former are passably elegant, the latter simply revolting, especially the characteristic group some vandal had the audacity to erect in close proximity to a statue at the the South-east end of the Oval.

An artistic appearance can be given even to telegraph poles. They can be made more shapely than they commonly are and, in many instances, much less conspicuous without any additional cost. We quite endorse the plea of Mr. Baxter that when things of every-day utility are made beautiful they fulfil a double purpose in delighting the eye as well as serving our daily convenience. The soda-water stalls serve a daily convenience, but do they delight the eye? The eye of a thirsty man perhaps, but not of the passer-by or the man who contributes most to the cost of the maintenance of the roads. Why should not elegant kiosks be provided by the Municipality instead! They would bring in a revenue which would pay for their construction and remove the eye-sores which are to be found here and there. In Europe and in America greater attention is being given to trifling matters of the kind, with great effect. It is recognised that there is no necessity even to have a telegraph post or a street name board or a lamp-post a pattern of bald ugliness, and the sooner we in Bombay come to appreciate the fact the better for us. We shall soon have the town from one end to the other filled with electric-wire posts for tramways. What are they to be like? Of whatever design they will spoil the appearance of some of our roads, but we must have them artistic or the effect will be disastrous. The old Tramway Company had somewhat æsthetic taste at one time and gave us very elegant little stations and stables and tool houses; but they have gone, probably never to be replaced. In Belgium the authorities have invited designs for the city lighting apparatus from all parts of the world, for the Belgian Society for Public Art has brought home to them the fact that minor and multifold things—even street signs—can be made objects of art, however simple their character.

Belgium takes the lead and France and the United States tie for second place in the beautification of the streets. In the first-named country artists are employed by the municipal authorities to produce appropriate designs. Decorative equipment in street-lighting was, with highly gratifying results, made the subject of a competitions by the Belgian Society in 1896 and succeeding competitions under the same Society have been for more artistic flagstaffs, kiosks and the like. In America, Boston is putting forth most marked efforts in the direction of the beautification of the streets. In many parts now, are to be seen bronze tablets with appropriate inscriptions, marking some historic building or commemorating some notable event. Certain patriotic orders, like the Sons of the Revolution, have made the placing of such tablets one of their duties. Bombay has begun this work already, For some time past a tablet, to the memory of Major Waudby and his gallant sepoys, has stood in the wall of the Alexandra Girls School at the corner of Waudby-road, and only this week a tablet has been placed in the front wall of the Great Western Hotel, announcing the fact that the main building was once the Admiralty House and later the High Court. The inscription, it must be admitted, is insufficiently descriptive inasmuch as it omits mention of the fact that it was built and occupied by the great Governor Hornby—a man who set his mark on the city more perhaps than any other Governor before or since—and that it appears, according to Mr. S. M. Edwardes, on the Collector's book as "Mr. Hornby's Great House" for the first time in 1771. The inscription speaks of its building "circa 1764-1792." Other similar tablets are being or are to be fixed on other notable buildings. But in Boston they wish to improve upon our plan, and when a street or building bears the name of a person of note the tablet is to include a medallion portrait in low relief. They also aim at polychrome effects in street lighting as in Paris, and what they can do, we can do, for it is shown that the possibilities of good work in the little things of the streets are many. Artistic character is found to be compatible with great economy in outlay and the very simplest forms can be made pleasant to look upon. If Government would but set the example a great and important change might safely be counted upon. But in most cases—buildings particularly—Government spoils its ships for the sake of a halfpenny worth of tar.

THE TIBETAN SETTLEMENT.

THE Anglo-Tibetan Treaty, which has been signed at Peking, gives us all the late Government stipulated—markets for Indian trade, preference with regard to railway concessions and two million four hundred thousand taels towards the cost of Colonel Younghusband's Mission. On the entry into Lhasa it was found that the Dalai Lama had fled, but the Amban was present, and after considerable negotiation a formal treaty was signed (September, 7th., 1904). The Regent, left in charge, affixed the Dalai Lama's Seal, and the Council, the three great Monasteries and the National Assembly also sealed the treaty. Tibet agreed to establish markets at Gyangtse and Gartok, in addition to Yatung, for British and Tibetan trade, with Tibetan and British officials stationed thereat, and Great Britain agreed to alter by separate arrangement any objectionable features in the Convention of 1893. Tibet agreed to pay great Britain an indemnity of £500,000 in 75 yearly instalments, commencing on January, 1st, 1906, Great Britain meanwhile continuing to occupy the Chumbi Valley as security for the due payment of the indemnity and the performance of the conditions as to trading stations. It was provided that if the indemnity should not be paid, Great Britain should continue in occupation of Chumbi, Tibet agreed to demolish all forts between the Indian frontier and Gyangtse on the trade routes. Tibet also agreed not to sell, lease or mortgage any Tibetan territory to any foreign Power, without the consent of Great Britain, and not to allow any foreign Power to concern itself with Tibetan affairs, or to construct roads or railways or open mines in Tibet. Mr. Brodrick, it will be remembered, on behalf of His Majesty's Government, subsequently decided that £166.000 should be the amount of the indemnity, and that the period of occupation of the Chumbi valley should be limited to three years.

The despatch of the Secretary of State to the Viceroy at this time forms instructive reading. In it Mr. Brodrick said that Colonel Younghusband had carried out the instructions of his Majesty's Government as to the treaty in a manner which enable them to give their general approval to the Convention he negotiated.

"But in regard to the indemnity his Convention has been framed in defiance of express instructions. These were that the indemnity should be limited to a sum which the Tibetans could pay within three years, and that our occupation of the Chumbi Valley should terminate when the indemnity had been paid and the trade marts opened effectually for three years. But Colonel Younghusband by accepting the proposal made by the Tibetans for the payments of indemnity by instalments spread over a long period, has contravened our instructions in a most important particular. The policy of his Majesty's Government which since the 6th of November last has been repeatedly impressed upon your Government, is to avoid interference in the internal affairs of Tibet, and to deal with the situation, which the breaches of the old treaty by the Tibetans have created, in the manner best calculated to attain that object. The question of what should be done with regard to the indemnity has been the subject of the most careful consideration and you were authorised by my telegram of the 16th September to reduce the amount from Rs. 75,00,000 to Rs. 25,00,000, five lakhs of which were to be paid before Chumbi Valley should be evacuated. This mode of payment might have been insisted on, had our instructions been carried out. The opportunity has now unfortunately been lost owing to Colonel Younghusband's departure from Lhassa. His Majesty' Government, however, do not propose on that account to modify the cardinal principles of their policy, and they altogether decline to sanction any stipulation being made which would necessitate our occupation of the Chumbi Valley for the longer period than that which was indicated in my telegram of the 26th July. When the Convention is ratified, it must therefore be amended to as to give effect to the decision of his Majesty's Government. In the event of the Tibetans breaking the treaty, at some future date, either by refusing so pay the annual instalment of the indemnity or in any other way, it will be necessary to reconsider the situation, but in the meanwhile we cannot accept the situation created for us by our representative's disobedience to orders."

The King decorated Colonel Younghusband and the censure of the Secretary of State was thus nullified. By the completed Treaty the details are magnanimously modified but we get practically all that Colonel Younghusband stipulated for.

MR. J. M. MACLEAN.

WE much regret to learn of the death of Mr. J. M. Maclean who from 1859 to the early eighties was the editor of the "Bombay Gazette" and for some years its proprietor. There are still many Anglo-Indians who remember the vigorous gentleman and can recall incidents of his journalistic connection with the city. There are still on the staff of this journal quite a number of men who served him and still remember him with affection. A sketch of Mr. Maclean's long and useful career will be found in another column.

MR. E. D. MACLAGAN has been appointed a member of the Punjab Legislative Council, vice Sir Lewis Tupper resigned.

MAJOR-GENERAL Sir Stuart Beatson will resume charge of his appointment as Inspector-General of Imperial Service Troops on the 1st May.

No information has so far reached India, regarding the reported rising in Tibet, mentioned in a recent telegram.

THE Punjab mail, which did not arrive in Bombay on Monday till a late hour was delayed by the burning of a bridge near Allahabad. This involved an old and the new bridge and all mails and passengers had to be transhipped.

THE statement of traffic of the Amedabad-Dholka Railway, for the week ending 10th March amounted to Rs. 1,816 being a decrease the on the corresponding week of last year of Rs 447. Total earnings from 1st Jan. to 10th March, were Rs. 16,432 being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 5,629.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti-Valley Railway for the week ending 10th March, amounted to Rs. 27,293, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 4,367. Total earnings from 1st January to 10th March, were Rs. 3,65,179, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 1,70,097.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway for the week ending 10th March, amounted to Rs. 3,712, being a decrease on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 701. Total earnings from 1st January to 10th March, were Rs. 44,363, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 870.

MR. P. C. TARAPORWALLA has been awarded a gold medal by the Indian Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition at Benares for exhibiting the most valuable ancient historical inscription, The relic that has won this distinction is a Sanskrit poetical inscription nearly nine centuries old containing the history of a number of Shilahara Kings who ruled the Konkan over a thousand years ago.

THROUGH the death of a valuable ram from Vermont, on the ranch of M. G. Brownell of Durango, Colorado, is to have a rubber industry. The ram died mysteriously, and its owner had an autopsy made. Its intestines were found to be clogged by small balls of gum. A chemist said the gum resembled rubber. Brownell gathered samples of all vegetable growth on his pasture. This resulted in the discovery that millions of acres in Colorado and adjacent States are covered with a weed that makes fine rubber. Michigan capitalists, among them a brother of the late Senator McMillan, will soon have in operation a factory to extract the gum.

WE have received the report and accounts of the Atlas Assurance Company, Limited, for 1905, from which it appears that in the life department, 701 policies were issued, assuring £483,705, while the claims by death numbered 137 for £93,937; we notice that 23 of the claims were on lives over 80 years of age, 55 on lives over 70 and the average of all was 64 years. In the fire department, the premiums were £ 983,557 and the Losses £454,074 being 46.1 per cent. of the premiums. From the profits of the fire department, £14,494 was carried to Profit and Loss account the balance amounting to £1,54,809 going to increase the Fire Funds. After paying £55,000 in dividends, the Funds of the Company stood as follows:—Fire and Reserve Funds, £8,77,564; Life and Leasehold Fund, £1,903,022; and total exclusive of the paid up capital £2,780,587.

A FURTHER step towards the solution of one of the few geographical problems before the world has been taken by the Royal Scottish Geographical Society, the council of which has adopted a resolution and ordered it to be submitted to the Secretary of State for India in Council. It is to the effect that, in view of the great regret felt in geographical circles throughout the world that the proposed expedition down the Brahmaputra to Assam did not take place at the close of the Tibet Mission, 1903-04, the council trust that the Indian Government will now see their way to carrying out this exploration, which is of extreme interest and importance, on the following grounds:—By it would be finally settled the question of the connexion of the Sang-po of Tibet with the Dibong (Brahmaputra) of Assam. The known difference of levels render it certain that the river must descend from Tibet to the plains of India by great waterfalls exceeding all other in height and volume. If these falls (which are said by the Tibetans to exist) should be discovered much light would be thrown on the geology of the region. In particular we might expect information as to the structure of the country traversed, and the relations borne by the vast Himalaya ranges to the elevated plateau against which they abut. Nothing is known at present of the tribes who inhabit the tract through which this part of the river passes. Valuable collections of fauna and flora would probably be obtained. It is possible that a good route might be discovered leading from Assam into Tibet by the great river; such a route would have much importance in promoting British trade with Tibet. The resolution is signed by the president, Professor James Geikie.

AT THE DOOR OF NATURE'S TEMPLE.

A FANTASTIC PROPHET.

IV

IT was no longer grievous to contemplate. The painful details were effaced or lost in an ideal haze, the passions exalted, spiritualised, sublimated. He mingled with the poor, asked them about their miseries to take part in their joys. When he found nothing but what was matter for pain in their lot, he had recourse to opium as a means of consolation.

ITS DIAPASON.

For opium which like the bee draws its material indifferently from the rose as from the soot of the chimney, has the art of subduing all sentiments and of regulating them to its diapason. In silence and solitude he often fell into profound reveries. Very often of a summer night seated near an open window with the sea and the great city before him he would let all the hours roll away from sunset to sunrise the next day without a limb stirring like one congealed. He would lose consciousness of his personality, and it was impossible for him to distinguish himself from the forms and objects he contemplated as if they were multiple elements of an immense symbol of which he formed a part. The ocean with its eternal respiration, but brooded over by a vast calm personified his mind and the influence which governed it then. It appeared to him for the first time that he stood aloof at a distance beyond the turmoil of life, that its hubbub, its fever and its struggles were suspended, that a respite had been accorded to the secret oppressions of his heart, a holiday repose, a deliverance from all human labour. The hope which blooms in the paths of life no longer contradicts the peace which inhabits the tombs.

IS IT A VICE?

Who shall say after reading his invocation to Opium, almost an ardent and inflamed prayer, that to indulge in it is a vice? "O just subtle and potent opium! You carry a soothing balm for the heart of the poor as for the heart of the rich, for the wounds that never heal as for the anguish which leads to rebellion. Eloquent that you are, you can disarm rage with your rhetoric, and render for a night to the felon the hopes of his youth. O just opium, O justiciary! You can cite false witnesses at the tribunal of dreams for the triumph of sacrificed innocence You build on the bosom of darkness out of the imaginary materials of the brain with an art more profound than that of Phidias or Praxitates, cities and temples which surpass Babylon and Hakatompylos in splendour, and out of the chaos of a sleep full of dreams, you evoke in the light of the sun, the faces of beauties long since buried, blessed physiognomies cleared of all outrage of the tomb. You alone can give these treasures to man and the key of Paradise is with you, O just, subtle and potent opium." This is but one side of the picture.

THE OTHER SIDE OF THE PICTURE.

Opium eaters and those who have a mania for morphia obey a common law. All organisms subject to opium feel a growing need. No man, however well licked, asks for increased doses, once that he takes to it. In 1804 he took opium every three weeks, in 1812 every week in 1813 every day. In honour of his marriage with a charming girl of the neighbourhood the sweet Margaret whom he adored and rendered very unhappy he reduced his dose in 1816, but soon returned to his vomit as the Bible says. A thick veil had overspread his intelligence. The materials of his great work lay in his drawer, abandoned, useless—better and humiliating souvenirs of the vast hopes of his first youth. Kant and Schelling were relegated to the shelf. He grasped them no longer. All work was odious to his heart, all effort of attention impossible to his brain. It was almost an imbecility save on one score only.

HIS MORAL SENSE WAS NEVER OBSCURED.

He saw very clearly what he ought and what he ought not to do, though it had no influence on his conduct. His conscience guarded its activity, its acuteness was even redoubled. But his will—frightful penalty—had become inert. It was annihilated, annulled. During this descent into Hell he compares himself to a paralytic who sees assassins enter to murder those he loves and cannot make for them. The anguish impossible to describe rends his heart. He would give his life to get up and walk, but he could not stir nor even make an effort. Around him his happiness crumbled. His fortune had melted away, through generosity at first—having anonymously given 300 pounds sterling to Coleridge—and then through disorder and carelessness. He was no longer in a state even to write a letter or to busy himself with his affairs. Misery had entered his house and his progeny grew. He saw them suffer, saw his wife exhausted and his heart bled, but he was a paralytic who could do nothing. It was no longer a question of beatitudes for compensating these tortures and this degradation. Opium had lost its divine virtues. The intellectual carouse and the unpublished delight were no more: nothing but a stupid torpor and horrible torments.

AN OBSESSION.

Awake, hallucinations obsessed him; sleeping, dreams appalled him. What endless processions, pompous and funeral, defiled past his eyes as he lay awake in his bed, of nights, unfurling unending histories, sad and solemn as the antique legends of Priam and of Œdipus. Drowsy, his brain was like a theatre suddenly lit up. Representations of superterrestrial splendour were accompanied by a profound anguish and a gloomy melancholy. Every night, not metaphorically but literally, he went down dark whirlpools and abysses beyond all known depths without the hope of ever coming up. And even when roused he had no notion that he was up again. It is impossible to give an idea even the most remote in words of that sombre sadness that despair bordering on annihilation which accompanied these sumptuous spectacles. Mighty were the deformations of the notions of space and of time. A single night had the duration of a century. Monuments and landscapes took vast forms. He saw living and monstrous architecture growing without end, and reproducing itself without end, a chaos of moving edifices whose restless mass was hurled up to the sky and precipitated down bottomless abysses. Transparent lakes shining like mirrors became seas and oceans. And on the moving waters was to be seen the "tyranny of the human face." The vast ocean seemed paved with innumerable heads turned towards heaven, the faces furious, supplicating, despairing, dancing on the surface in thousands, in millions, his agitation becoming infinite and his soul bounding and rolling like the billows of the ocean.

THE MALAY FACE.

Then followed Oriental dreams evoked by the remembrance of a Malay in turban and Oriental costume who had knocked one evening at his door in his solitude of Grasmere and had gluttonously swallowed a morsel of opium enough to kill half a dozen men, and then pursued his way as if nothing had happened and no more was heard of him. The face of this strange visitor was one of those which tyrannised most cruelly his dreams. It multiplied itself to infinity. It was the vast human rumbling of India, China and of entire Asia, of the immense Orient with its monumental cruel and complicated religions and its undecipherable sentiments for the man of the Occident. De Quincey abominated the morals and the modes of thought of the extreme Orient. By an analogous sentiment he seized on all the Gods of Egypt and then saw monkeys and parrots and cockatoos staring fixedly at him, hooting, grinning, jabbering, making faces at him. He escaped into pagodas and saw himself fixed to the spire for ages or shut in secret chambers. He was idol and priest, the adored and the sacrificed. For a thousand years he was buried in stone biers with mummies and sphinxes, in narrow cells in the heart of the eternal pyramids. Crocodiles kissed him with their cancerous kisses, and he lay confounded with a host of inexpressible and viscous things midst the slime and the reeds of the Nile. The cursed crocodile became for him an object of the greatest horror more so than hideous birds or serpents. Forced to live with them for ages he sometimes escaped and found himself in Chinese houses furnished with cane tables. The feet of the tables and sofas seemed endowed with life. The abominable head of the crocodile with its little oblique eyes regarded him everywhere [illegible] multiplied by innumerable repetitions and he remained there fascinated and full of horror.

PESTANJI DORABJI KHANDALAWALA.

RESTORING SAN FRANCISCO.

LOSS ESTIMATED AT £60,000,000.

Red Cross Help From Japan.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 23.

The processes of the restoration of San Francisco have already begun. Hitherto about five hundred bodies have been recovered, but the extent of the mortality still remains quite uncertain.

Competent valuers estimate the total losses approximately at sixty millions sterling, of which thirty-five millions are insured. It is noteworthy, that the steel-built sky-scrapers including the famous Call building were not hurt exteriorly, though they were gutted.

Later.

There is a renewed outbreak of the fire at San Francisco and the Docks are threatened.

LONDON, April 24.

Rain which is falling is deadening the fires at San Francisco, but terribly increasing the misery of the thousands who are sleeping in the open.

The burned area is 1 3/4 miles by 3 1/2 miles.

The Japanese Red Cross is sending a hospital ship and a number of nurses to San Francisco.

THE NATAL RISING.

Help from the Transvaal.

LONDON, April 23.

Natal is recruiting a thousand Mounted Native Scouts.

The Premier of Natal, addressing his constituents, rejected totally the idea of requisitioning Imperial assistance entitling the Imperial Government to take the settlement out of the hands of Natal.

LONDON, April 24.

The Transvaal has offered Natal to furnish, equip and maintain five hundred Volunteers.

THE RIOTS IN FRANCE.

Salutary Effect of the Troops.

LONDON, April 23.

Numerous arrests are now being made in the Lens district.

The rioters seem to be overawed by the display of force.

NEW LINE TO THE PERSIAN GULF.

A German Proposal.

The Hamburg-America line announces that a new service will shortly be inaugurated between Europe and the Persian Gulf.

THE CHINESE MISSION.

Entertained in Paris.

President Fallieres has entertained the Chinese Mission at luncheon.

THE POSTAL CONGRESS.

Abyssinia has a vote at the Postal Congress.

ANGLO-TIBETAN TREATY.

British Preference Granted.

Reuter (Shanghai) says that the Anglo-Tibetan Treaty has been signed at Peking. It provides for the recognition of a Chinese protectorate over Tibet. Great Britain will not interfere in the internal affairs of the country unless other Powers do. China opens some of the Tibetan markets to Indian trade and gives Great Britian preference, regarding railway concessions and pays 2,400,000 taels towards the expenses of Sir Francis Younghusband's expedition.

TRAINING SHIP CAPSIZES.

Many Lives Lost

LONDON, April 24.

The Belgian Government training ship Denayer, having a crew of 54, including thirty cadets, has capsized in a gale in the Bay of Biscay and only 26 were saved.

THE EGYPTIAN GARRISON.

It is pointed out that the Estimates for 1906-07, provided for an increase of the British Garrison in Egypt of seven Companies of Infantry, raising the total of 3,243 to 4,008. The extra Infantry is required partially for garrisoning Khartoum.

THE CITY AND THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Official Luncheon Proposed.

The Common Council has unanimously decided to present an Address to the Prince and Princess of Wales, in recognition of the great national importance of their visit to India, and to invite them to a dejeuner at the Guildhall on the 14th May.

LORD KITCHENER ARRIVES IN SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, April 24.

Lord Kitchener arrives at Simla to-morrow (25th.)

The Indian Government Telegraph Steamer Patrick Stewart, Captain W. A. Tindall, sailed yesterday for Karachi with Government stores, and Mr. Campbell, and Master and Miss Jones, as Passengers.

THE DARJEELING MURDER.

FURTHER EVIDENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 24.

To-day, Mr. Anderson's bearer deposed that with his younger brother he slept with Mr. Goss's bearer and had noticed him leaving the godown at half-past eleven, on the night of the murder and returning at two in the morning. The room was dark, but he believed the bearer was barebodied. When he returned the bearer had as usual brought a lantern from the house. Witness testified to the lantern which he saw with blood on it some days after when the sweeper was washing it.

The next witness was his younger brother, Jungaya, who stated that he slept with the bearer and his brother, and had noticed the bearer return at two o'clock in the morning. In cross-examination he said he had been in police custody for many days, but had not spoken about this till the 5th of March.

Hiralal Mookerjee, the garden clerk, said Paniwallah called him on the morning of the murder. He had made payments with Mr. Goss, on the previous day, and replaced the balance in the iron safe. Cross-examined, he said, he did not go into the bed-room till the Doctor Babu came and then they entered the bungalow by the west verandah and dining-room and not by the bath-room.

THE BARISAL AFFAIR.

BOYCOTTING THE "ENGLISHMAN."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 24.

Mr. Jackson, Barrister, will most probably move in the Criminal Bench of the Calcutta High Court, to-day, with the view of having the conviction of Surendra Nath Banerjee, and the fine of Rs. 400, imposed on him by Mr. Emerson, the District Magistrate of Barisal, set aside. He went to the Court to do so yesterday, but the papers were not ready.

At the meeting of the members of the Bar Library at Barisal, on the 17th inst. it was resolved to discontinue subscribing to the "Englishman," because in its issue of the 16th, it misrepresented facts, regarding the Bengal Provincial Conference, maligned its delegates and entirely suppressed the highhanded and arbitrary proceedings of the District Magistate and Police in assaulting an unoffending and unarmed gentleman. So says the Barisal correspondent of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika."

DARING ROBBERY IN A TRAIN.

RECOVERY OF THE GOODS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 24.

The Police have succeeded in recovering a large portion of the property stolen from Mrs. Shailing, wife of the Engineer at Goalundo, whilst she was travelling by train to Calcutta. It seems that while she was asleep, some thieves got into her compartment and threw her steel trunk out on the line with a view to eventually getting it. Some peasants found the trunk prized it and divided the spoils. All this property has been recovered, but her handbag containing currency notes and some money is with the original thieves, of whom there is no trace.

A SUGGESTED EXCISE REFORM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 24.

An important communication has been submitted to the Government Excise Enquiry Committee by the Calcutta Temperance Federation, supplementing the evidence and suggestions already put forward. It is suggested that as a first step in reforming the Excise Administration the power of issuing licenses for the sale of intoxicants should be removed from the hands of the Revenue Authorities and placed in those of the Judicial Authority.

TRUCULENT SCHOOLBOYS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 24.

Whatever the Bengalee agitators may have to say shoolboys are still on the rampage. Six boys and four outsiders are now being tried by the Deputy Magistrate of Madaripur, for forcibly preventing the sale of Belati articles at a mela.

FRONTIER RAIDED POSTS TO BE STRENGTHENED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, April 24.

Shabkadr and Abasai, the two places, attacked in a recent raid, will each be garrisoned by thirty cavalry and seventy infantrymen during the present summer. The Guides will furnish the Abasai garrison and the 21st Cavalry and 28th Punjabis men for Shabkadr.

THE DUKE OF SAXE-WEIMER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, April 24.

The Duke of Saxe Weimer after a two days' visit to Simla as guest of Count Quadt, Germer Consul-General, left for Bombay whence he leaves for Europea on the 28th.

LADIES FOR MEDICAL AID IN KABUL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 24.

Dr. Van Ingen Winter, who has accepted an appointment in the Amir's household, left Calcutta for Afghanistan on Monday night, accompanied by her daughter, a trained nurse, and another lady.

Doctor and Mrs. Bullock Workman, the famous mountaineers, have left Lahore, and are now on their way from Rawalpindi to Kashmir, the former on a cycle and the latter by tonga. They are taking with them two experienced Gurkhas, one of whom has been all over the mountains in Gilgit and Chitral.

OFFICERS FOR PLAGUE DUTY IN BURMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, April 24.

The following officers have been selected for plague duty in Burma:—Major Lye, 23rd Pioneers, Major Wallace Dunlop, 23rd Pioneers, Captain Lee, 2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkhas, Captain Battye, 6th Cavalry, Captain Bidwell 80th Infantry, Captain Rolland, 101st Grenadiers, Captain Coke, 94th Infantry, Lieutenant Newcombe, 2nd Battalion, 3rd Gurkhas, and Lieutenant Landon, 35th Horse. Lieutenant E. Walter, Royal Garrison Artillery,

Lieutenant Sargent, 120th Infantry, and Lieutenant Kemble, 4th Rajputs, have been selected for appointment to the Supply and Transport Corps.

Brigadier General Capper, Deputy Adjutant General Eastern Command, is granted five months' leave of absence.

Captain Morris, 3rd Skinner's Horse, is appointed Officiating Cantonment Magistrate at Umballa.

A NAPALESE COLONEL ROBBED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 24.

Colonel Kharga Bahadin, of Nepal, when staying in Hastings House, Calcutta, in January last, visited Dr. D. N. Roy at his house. He left his coat in the Doctor's room in the pocket of which were two notes of Rs. 500 each. When leaving, the Colonel took his coat and missed the notes. On reaching Hasting's House, Dr. Roy was informed. At the time and while an enquiry was proceeding one of his servants disappeared. The man has been caught with the notes, and is now being tried in the Calcutta Police Court.

FATHER GAPON.

STATED TO HAVE TURNED TRAITOR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, April 24.

A special cablegram to the "Pioneer" dated London, the 23rd April, says: A Russian correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian" states positively that Father Gapon turned a police spy, and that he was hanged secretly by the revolutionaries.

POONA BOXING TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, April 24.

The Poona boxing Tournament was continued to-day with great enthusiasm. The following are the results:—

Light Weights First round.—Lance Corpl Cunningham beat Private Makins, 1st Lincolns. Driver Pugh, S. Battery, R. H. A. having scratched Private Sharp, Leicesters, had a walk over. Gunner Lyons, 33rd Battery R. F. A., knocked Private Murphy, Leicesters, in the first round and won. Driver Webster, 45th Battery R F A having failed to come Private Foake, Leicesters, had a walk over.

Feather Weights. First round:—The fight between Lance Corporal McClarcerty, Lincolns, and Private Sullivan. East Lanes, was very even and won by Sullivan. Private Wakelin, Royal Fusilers, did not turn up and Private Tamley, Leicesters, had a walk over. The Referee in the fight between Br. Alderman, 47th Battery R. F. A. and Pte. Griffin, Leicesters, disqualified Griffen for constantly holding his opponent and gave the win to Alderman. Pte Munday, 13th Hussars, beat Pte. Reilly A and S. Highlanders.

Officers' Light Weights. First round—Lieut. Master, Leicesters beat Lieut. Launders, Kin'gs R. R.

Bantam Weights. First round—Pte Kelly 13th Hussars knocked Pte Concannon, Leicesters in the first round only. Private Wilson, Royal Scots, beat Pte Tebbat, Leicesters. Private Hall, Leicesters, knocked Pte Harris, Leicesters, in the first round only.

Middle Weights. Second round—The referee very wisely disqualified Gunner Dawson, P. Battery R. H. A. owing to his second who was Sergeant Smith of the Hussars, constantly interrupting, and gave a win to Sergeant Thomas, Leicesters, Pte Donnelly, King's Liverpool Regiment, having failed to turn up Pte Dixon, Durham Light Infantry, had a walk over. Pte Bell A and S Highlanders, beat Pte Meadows, Leicesters.

THE CITY AND SUBURBAN.

A special cablegram to the "Indian Sporting Times" yesterday gives the following as probable starters in the race which is run to-day:—

Mr. H. V. Jackson's Desmond. The Gift, 4 yrs. (8st- 8lbs). Ireland; Mr. D. Faber's Polymelus 4 yrs. (8st. 2lbs.) Barker; Sir E. Vincent's Donnetta, 6 yrs. (8st- 2lbs). R. Day; Mr. T. W. Blenkiron's Ambition, 5 yrs. (8st. 1lb.), W. Nightingale, Mr. Lionel Robinson's Glenamoy 5 yrs. (8st 1lb.) Brewer; Capt. Laing's Antonio, 5 yrs. (7st, 12lbs.t Jennings; Mr. Sol Joel's Whitechapel 6 yrs. (7s. 12lbs.) C. Peck; Mr. J. B. Joel's Dean Swift 5 yrs (7st. 11lbs.), Morton; Mr. R. H. Hemming's C. Rouge Croix, 4 yrs (7st. 10lbs.) Ferguson; Mrs. Jackson's Velocity, 4 yrs. (7st. 10lbs) Ireland; Lord Westbury' Holme Lacy, 6 yrs (7st. 9lbs) G. Moore; Lord Derby's Chaucer, 6 yrs. (7st. 8lbs) Hon. G. Lambton; Capt. Orr Ewing's Song Thrush, 4 yrs. (7st. 8lbs) Robson; Mr. L. W. Craven's Sir Daniel, 4 yrs. (7st), Robinson; Mr. C. S. Newton Beckhamton's Pride, 4 yrs. (6st. 3lbs. Blackwell; Mr. Liddiard's Succory, 3 yrs. (6st. 10lbs.) Lowe; Mr. G P. Prentice's Spinning Minnow (6st. 12lbs.), Dean Swit, is the infavourite, but Mr. David Faber's Polymelus" and "Mr. T. E. Lidd iard's "Succory" are regarded as close things. "Song Thrush" for some reason is far down in the betting.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE,

Arrivals, April 23.

Lieut H P Steel, York and Lanc Regt, on duty, from Mhow.

Capt E G Dunn, R W Rifles, on leave, from Deolalee

Major P G Faussett, R F A., on leave, from Mian Meer.

Lieut H W Young, R G A, on duty, from England,

Capt F A. Iles, R E, on leave, from Austria.

Capt A Courage, 15th Hussars, on leave, from Kailana.

Bt Major P Wheatley, R H A, on leave, from Meerut

Lieut H M Crichton, R S Fusiliers on exchange from Bareilley.

Capt H H Norman, 1st Northampton, on leave from Nowshera.

Lieut A A Langley, 1st Gloster Regt. to rejoin from England.

Departures April, 24.

Major H Browse-Scaife, R Sussex Regt from leave from Ambala.

Capt F A Iles, R E from leave, to Chakata

Lieut C Higgins Oxford, L I, from leave, from Lucknow

Capt E E Dunn, R Rifles, from leave, from Deolali

Lieut H P Steel, York and Lanc Regt on duty to Mhow

Mr. Wynne, Member of the Railway Board, has arrived in Simla, after a short visit to Peshawar, to see the construction work upon the Shilman Railway.

STANDARD TIME?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Presumably we are to hear a lot more about Time in Bombay, and so quiet early in the discussion let me say a word, hoping it will fall on the ears of the charitable. On January 1st, instead of getting an extra thirty-nine minutes' sleep (by the clock) my boy arrived with chota hazri punctually at six. In vain I expostulated and had to put up with a longer day. But worse has followed. Last year, I arrived at the office at ten, left at one, returned at three and left again at five. The odd hours of work at home each day I do not count. Now I still arrive at ten and, because tiffin has generally been put off till two, remain till half-past one. Half-past three is too late, so I still get back to work at three and generally, because the mails have not quite caught up with Standard Time, have to wait till after five. Now a simple sum shows that at the very least I work one hundred and eight more minutes each day. This is the hundred and fourteenth day of the year and deducting Sundays and letting the odd minutes after five go to make up a full Saturday, up to the present, I have lost one hundred and seventy-six and a half hours. The stony stare I received when making a mild suggestion that all work and no more pay, etc., is a thing to be forgotten. With the worthy Bishop I ask, "is it right, is it seemly, is it nice?" We were told the change of time would make it more easy to catch trains, that is all very well, but I have only caught two trains since New Year's day. Give us back our thirty-nine minutes once more!—Yours, etc,

AN APOSTLE OF THE SUFFERERS.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—I think the whole value of Sir P. M. Mehta's tirade at Monday's meeting of the Corporation can be summed up by simply referring to his observation "that consideration should not weigh with them in face of the many hardships and inconveniences caused to a million of people." It is the first time that I have heard there were a million of people in Bombay, and secondly, it will take a great deal more than Sir Pherozeshah's word to convince me that Bombay is unanimously with him. And further I have no doubt whatever that were any one to start the matter, quite as large a meeting would protest against the shilly-shallying of the Corporation as that which voiced its imaginary grievances under the chairmanship of Sir Balchandra Krishna at Madhav Baug. For it is futile to deny that the greater part of the agitation against the present time is part of the general "agin the Government" movement which prevails throughout India, especially in places where a leader with a glib tongue is ready to occupy the public time with his ideas. But surely the thity-one members of the Corporation do not believe that Government will bow down to their voice when they do not know what they want. It matters not a jot to any one how time may be reckoned and least of all to a supposed million which regulates its day not by the clock but by the sun. One very important point was missing from the debate. Much was said about inconvenience but no one seemed to know exactly where it lay. If the agitators can prove that Standard Time causes more real inconvenince than the old system, of two times, then the argument will be on an entirely different footing. But they are not likely to give their case away by such an attempt and I am not the only one who hopes that Government's reply will be that if the Corporation does not know its own mind for three months at a time it had better have it made up for it.—Yours, etc.,

C. J. S.

A POPULAR POLICE SUPERINTENDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

GODHRA, April 20.

The Panch Mahals District has lost one of its most popular District Superintendent of Police in the person of Mr. J. A. Guider. He delivered over his office to Mr. C. S. Marston, on the 19th instant and left by the evening train for Poona to take charge of the office of the Personal Assistant to the Deputy Inspector General of Police for Crime and Railways, Bombay Presidency, Poona. He was accompanied to the Railroad Station by Mr. Pearson, Divisional Forest Officer, Panch Mahals, and Mr. Marston, the new District Superintendent of Police. A large crowd made up of officers in every department of the District and many of the general public were in waiting at the Station to pay their respects to the departing District Police Superintendent. Garlands and bouquets, were presented by the officers and the public. The flowers were in such profusion that the whole compartment was decorated with them as well as Mr. Guider. Never in the knowledge of the oldest citizens of Godhra was such a demonstration made to a departing District Police Superintendent.

LEGION OF FRONTIERSMEN.

A NEW BODY OF EMPIRE GUARDS.

Mr. Haldane, Secretary for War, has expressed his sympathy with the aims of the "Legion of Frontiersmen," and has even said he might be glad to utilise it should occasion arise, though he recognises it as a purely private organisation.

The Legion is an organisation which has established temporary offices at 6, Adam Street, Strand, and the object of the Legion is to form a civilian self-governing and self-supporting body of British Frontiersmen throughout the Empire, associated for the promotion of Imperial interests in times of peace and whose services shall be available if called upon for Imperial defence in time of war.

Its founder is Mr. Roger Pocock, late of the Royal North-West Mounted Police, who is a Frontiersman of fifteen years' standing.

One has a right to ask what is a "Frontiersman" according to the lights of the Legion. The definition, romantic enough in these days, is to be found in the form of application for membership, which as embodied in the recently compiled circular of the Legion, was further approved by Mr. Haldane in a telegram received at the offices from him a few days since.

A Frontiersman is, then, one who has fought in wars, or worked in wild countries, or at sea as sailor. soldier, explorer, prospector, miner, naturalist, civil or mining engineer, official, in mounted police, trader, packer, stage driver, mail rider, freighter, voyageur, cowboy, stockman, rancher, horse-breaker planter, guide, scout, hunter, ranger, trapper, forester, lumberman, pearler, sea hunter, seaman sea apprentice, sea engineer, special or war correspondent.

The business of the Legion is to be under the supervision of the general council and the executive council. The executive numbers Lord Esher, the Earl of Moath, Major Lord C. F. Brudenell Druse, General Sir Reginald Hart, Sir Henry Seton-Karr and many other well-known Imperialists. There are to be three classes of member—those pledged to military service in time of war, if and when called upon; those prepared to act as guides or local assistants and advisers; and honorary members in sympathy with the aims and objects of the Legion. There are to be local councils and commands throughout the Empire. There will be various advantages consequent upon membership, and a scheme of organised sports and exhibitions of frontier skill in riding, shooting, packing, and other warlike exercises, which will tend to keep the members together.

Mr. Pocock explained that there are already 4,000 applications for enrolment. Four hundred came in on Monday and Tuesday. The Legion expects to be 10,000 strong in six months' time.

The secretary is Captain C. C. Kernick, an old coaling station expert, and officer of the Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

PASSENGERS PER S. S. SYDNEY.

The following is the list of passengers expected here from Marseilles per Messageries Maritimes Company's steamer Sydney on Thursday morning the 26th instant:—

Major N T Parker, Mrs Blythe, Rev Grove, Mr W Schadel, Mr Horsmann, Mr A G Norman, Mr M S Drayton, Mr B G Pathack, Mr E Gerard, Mr de Courtois.
For Melbourne—Col W T Reay, and Mr and Mrs Steffoni.
For Noumea—Mr and Mrs Gnedon.

Sanction has been accorded to the construction of a chord line on the 5' 6" gauge between Lodhra and Khanewal on the North-Western Railway—length 56·59 miles.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA,

Various Painters at Various Places.

THE BACH SOCIETY'S FESTIVAL.

MR. H. B. IRVING ON "MAURICETTE."

LONDON, April 6.

There is on view at Knoedler's galleries in Bond-street, the work of an American painter, George Elmer Browne, which deserves, very serious attention; and if his picture bought for the Luxembourg is of as marked accomplishment as some four or five at this show, the French Government is to be congratulated at its astuteness. There is a small canvas, entitled Banks of the Canal, which is as vigorous and deft in the simplicity of its handling as it is decorative in the simplicity of its arrangement of the three tall-stemmed trees that spring from the silvery water's edge; the painting is as broad in treatment as the colour is vibrant and telling; and the depth of the pulsing atmosphere and the liquidness of the water are rendered with a power that is not chance-work, or mere trick of thumb, as this artist's success on several other canvases shows. There is, again a large landscape, Morning in Holland, that proves the poet's vision as well as the painter's skill. And his rare sense of selection is again pronounced in the decorative woodland study in greens that he calls Spring time, with its handsome massing of trees and its musical use of detached trees to accentuate the decorative sense, making their dominant note felt against the larger harmony of the whole.

Two moonlit street-scenes—the "Winter Night, Picardy," and the Katwijk Church, are fine achievements; whilst a sea-piece, "Off Etaples," shows his faculty for painting water and its moods. But The Banks of the Canal and the Springtime strike a personal note that holds a rare charm. The good American artists are all too little known in London; but if this firm shows such work as this the Americans will soon invade the art-mart of this country in as conquering fashion as American women have invaded the marriage-market. It is a pity that the work of George Elmer Browne are on view so short a space of days. At the Carfax Galleries, Mr. D. S. Maccoll proves his claim to be an authority on art matters, at any rate, so far as his own good, sound workmanship in water-colours can prove it. He has the hand's skill and the artist's eye, as he here shows in profuse abundance. He catches in these sketches the essential values of his scene with rare vision. The Riverside at Twickenham is finely stated, and with a telling sense of style that makes one easily realise what a fret it must be to his critical eyes to see the ordinary water-colourist's boggling with his subject. The Roof at Dinan displays him a master of street scenes; and the Market at Mortain is a wholly delightful little work, in which colour, arrangement and line all league themselves together to win success in the statement of the effect of place and atmosphere. He shows himself also a remarkable painter of flower-pieces in his freely handled Anemones. To enumerate his successes would be to give a catalogue of the best half of his close on fifty pieces.

At the Modern Gallery, in Bond-street, is to be seen the work of the three generations of the Woods The grandfather's paintings and drawings of cathedrals are at times very beautiful. Some of his drawings are particularly fine, his pencil designs of the "Hotel de Ville and part of the Grande Place at Ypres" remarkably so; and his broad handling of water-colour in such pieces as the "Old Brigade Dietz on the Lahn," and the Old Hall at Haddon are so good that one is surprised at the low prices at which they are valued. His son, Pinhorn Wood, sends several landscapes that betray careful observation of English scenes, whilst his grandson, Lawson Wood, is perhaps best known for his exceedingly humerous water-colours, treated with artistry both as to colour and arrangement. We have here his irresistibly funny design of the tipsy lord of the house who finds an austere and forbidding wife awaiting him in the hall; hanging to the hall lamp with one hand, he gives up the hall chair to her as he is quite used to strap-hanging. Lawson Wood shows also a keen sense of the dramatic in his End of the Tether. Indeed, even in his most jocular vein he rarely sacrifices the artistic scheme to his boisterous humour.

At the Council Galleries in Bond-street is to be seen most of the best work of the old Scottish Academician, Alexander Fraser. Here are his salmon Cruives, his "Ben Venne from Silver Stand," and other large canvases which he painted with free brush and glittering colour in his own marked manner— a style that was a link between the early Victorian landscapists and the later Victorians. At the Stafford Galleries Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hine show a number of water-colour drawings of gardens and wayside scenes in which the solid appearance and structure of things are almost invariably sacrificed to a certain daintiness and delicacy of colouring. Shadows are almost non-existent in these drawings; the colour is of early spring, even where the vegetation indicates a more advanced season; and all nature is seen through rose-coloured and somewhat dim glasses.

The Bach Society, after many vicissitudes, may be considered to have entered a new existence last night. After the resignation of the conductorship by Sir Charles Stanford there was danger that the Society would be disbanded, but better counsels prevailed, and for some seasons now Dr. H. Walford Davies has worked with much energy to place the Society on a firm basis. The first public concert on a big scale was given last season, when the conductor's Every man was performed, but the concert last night is of note because it was the first of two festival performances entirely in honour of Bach. The programme, among other things, included the Whit Sunday Cantata. No. 172, the Liebster Gott, wann wred' ich Sterben? and a chorus from Ich hatte viel Bekummerniss, as well as the double violin the concerto, and several smaller cantatas for solo voices. To the Bach enthusiast the concert must have given keen delight, even if he held the secret thought that Dr. H. Walford Davies might have allowed the music to be sung and played with a warmer expression without marring the austere restraint of Bach, and that the volume, quality, and precision of the choir might have been a shade closer to what we may reasonably expect.

Mr. H. B. Irving, who made his reappearance in London the other night at the Lyric Theatre, in Mauricette, told a representative of the Press how he came to select the play for production in England. Under the title of Jeunesse, he said, it has been running for more than one hundred performance at the Odeon Theatre in Paris—rather a remarkable run for a repertoire theatre, where the performances are not consecutive—and I was told it was a play that would be very suitable for England, and that people ought to have an opportunity of seeing it. So I went over and saw it, with the result that I thought the same, and decided to translate it. Certainly, it is a play that cannot shock people's susceptibilities in any way, and its solution is quite in accordance with the story. What is the general idea of the play? The general idea is that in the affairs of love youth is bound to win the day, and that the older man cannot hope successfully to compete against the irresistible influence of youth and the natural attraction of youth towards youth.

Do you represent youth in the play? Oh, no; my part is that which was played, and very finely played, by Tarride. Mr. Faber and my wife represent youth, and Miss Marion Terry and I represent middle age. At least, I am a man of about fifty, and we represent, at any rate, the less youthful element in the play. These are the four principal parts, and the play is practically in their hands. How would you describe your own part? My own part is a very interesting study of a man who has reached middle age, but whose instincts are still youthful, in fact, rather too youthful. And although he has arrived at the time of life when he feels he ought to settle down, yet he does not quite see the force of it until the lesson is brought home to him by this love affair.

DEATH OF MR. J. M. MACLEAN.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, April, 23.

The death is announced of Mr. J. M. Maclean, formerly proprietor and editor of the "Bombay Gazette."

Old Bombayites would read with deep regret the announcement made by our London correspondent in yesterday's paper, and by Reuter to-day that Mr. James Mackenzie Maclean, a former Editor and Proprietor of the "Bombay Gazette," sustained a stroke of apoplexy on the 18th and died on the 23rd inst.

Mr. Maclean was born in Liberton near Edinburgh in August 1835, and was therefore in the seventy-first year of his age at the time of his death. He was the son of Mr. Alexander Maclean, a Highland gentleman, who went out to Jamaica in early life and acquired considerable landed property there. Young Mr. Maclean was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge, entering in 1854. For certain reasons, however, he found it necessary to seek for employment, and held for a few months a mathematical tutorship in a large grammar school kept by Dr. Bruce at Newcastle-on-Tyne. Meanwhile, having submited some essays he had written to Mr. Whitty, Editor of the London "Leader," Mr. Maclean was strongly advised to take to journalism. He soon learned shorthand and obtained an appointment on the staff of the "Newcastle Chronicle," then a Whig weekly paper. The Editor having left, Mr. Maclean was given in 1855, the editorship of the paper, which he conducted with marked ability for three years, In 1858, on the recommendation of Mr. A. Russell, then Editor of the "Scotsman," Mr. Maclean was offered and accepted the post of leader writer on the "Manchester Guardian" which at that time had just commenced its career as a successful penny daily. On leaving Newcastle, Mr. Maclean was entertained at a dinner at which the chair was taken by Mr. Joseph Owen who soon after bought the "Chronicle" and turned it into a daily paper. After remaining two years in Manchester, Mr. Maclean was offered the editorship of the "Bombay Gazette" by the then Proprietor Mr. John Connon, who afterwards became a Member of the Bombay Bar, and later on was appointed Senior Magistrate of Bombay. Mr. Maclean accepted the post of Editor of the "Bombay Gazette," and came out to Bombay to-wards the close of 1859. After a little over a year, differences arose between him and Mr. Connon; it was a case of diamond cut diamond; and Mr. Malcean, rather than sacrifice his independence as a public writer, resigned the editorship of the "Bombay Gazette." He was offered the editorship of a Calcutta daily paper, but declined it with the intention of going home again. His Bombay friends persuaded him to start in journalism on his own account; and in April 1861, with the hearty support of the Hon. Mr. M. H. Scott, then a Member of the firm of Messrs. Ritchie Stuart and Co., Mr. Maclean started the "Bombay Saturday Review" a weekly newspaper. The paper came out under brilliant auspices, and among its contributors were a band of writers of great literary abilities, including Mr. E. I. Howard, then Director of Public Instruction, his successor Sir Alexander Grant, afterwards the Principal of Edinburgh University, Professor Hughlings, Professor Wordsworth, and some Civil and Military Officers. In a few years, by the end of 1863, the paper became a valuable newspaper property in India. Mr. Maclean was then induced to enter into partnership with Mr. W. Charman, Manager of the "Times of India" newspaper, and they bought the "Bombay Gazette" from Mr. John Connon; and the paper passed into the hands of the new proprietors on the 1st January 1864. Some time later, Mr. Maclean bought Mr. Charman's share, and became sole Proprietor and Editor of the "Bombay Gazette." He had taken up a strong position as an advocate of independent English interests in India, and in the "Bombay Gazette," as in the "Saturday Review," the same policy was conspicuous. Such policy was antagonistic to that maintained by Mr. Robert Knight, Editor of the "Times of India," as the friend of the Civil Service and the advocate of the rights and interests of the natives of the country. Mr. Knight found a powerful antagonist in Mr. Maclean; and their contest as the two foremost men in the field of Anglo-Indian journalism lasted over several years. On questions of Indian policy, and on questions affecting the immediate interests of Bombay, the "Bombay Gazette." exercised a powerful influence. Towards the end of 1865, after continuous work for six years, Mr. Maclean went home and for some time lived in London or on the Continent, attending to the home agency and correspondence of his paper in Bombay, and contributing to the English Press at home.

In the Mahomedan-Parsee riots of 1874, Mr. Maclean took an active part against the Government of Sir Philip Wodehouse, as also in drafting, at the request of the Parsees, an able memorial to the Home Government, which passed a censure on the weakness of the administration of Sir Philip Wodehouse—"the Graven Image" as Mr. Maclean facetiously called him in his writings. The Parsees were so much pleased with the result of his advocacy of their grievances during the riots, that they afterwards subscribed for a purse, which was presented to Mr. Maclean through Mr. Sorabjee Shapurjee Bengalee, C. I. E., who acted as the treasurer. The most conspicuous instance of the influence wielded by the "Bombay Gazette," under Mr. Maclean, was the deposition of Malhar Rao Gaekwar from the throne of Baroda State.

As a citizen of Bombay, Mr. Maclean took a warm interest in the administration of its Municipal affairs, was a Member of the Town Council, and for some time its Chairman on the nomination of Government. When His Majesty King Edward arrived in Bombay as Prince of Wales in 1875, Mr. Maclean was one of the Honorary Secretaries chosen to make arrangements for His Royal Highness's reception; and at the request of the Municipal Corporation, he wrote the address presented to the Prince on his setting foot on Indian shore. During the Prince's visit, Mr. Maclean first started "Maclean's Guide to Bombay," which has since become an annual, and takes first rank as an historical handbook for Western India. Besides being a Justice of the Peace, he was appointed a Fellow of the Bombay University, and an Honorary Member of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce. He had been a Member of Council and a Vice-President of the Associated Chambers of Commerce in England and also a Member of Council of the Society of Arts; and had been awarded a silver medal of that Society for a paper on "The Results of British Rule in India."

Towards the end of 1879, Mr. Maclean sold the "Bombay Gazette" to Mr. Grattan Geary and arranged finally to retire from India in the hope of contesting for a seat in Parliament. Before his departure, the European inhabitants of Bombay, official and non-official, gave him a farewell banquet at the Byculla Club, a compliment which had not been previously paid to any one who had not been a distinguished Civil or Military servant of the Crown. Sir Richard Temple, Governor of Bombay, presided on the occasion; and among those present were: Members of Council, Judges of the High Court, and some of the highest officials in the city. Sir Richard Temple, in proposing the toast of the guest of the evening, spoke of Mr. Maclean as "the accomplished publicist, the briliant litterateur, the public spirited citizen. the uncompromising critic, and yet the sincere and constant friend." Mr. Maclean bade the city farewell on the 31st January 1880. On his arrival in England, he took up his residence at "Malabar Villa," which he had purchased some time previously, and where his aged mother had been residing. He was a great admirer of the foreign policy of Lord Beaconsfield and determined to throw in his lot with the Conservatives. He Contested the Elgin Burghs in the Conservative interest. avowedly as a forlorn hope; and was of course beaten. He subsequently became a Member of the Council of the National Union. He was one of the earliest political friends of Lord Randolph Churchill, whom he supported in gaining the mastery of the Council. At the general election of 1885, Mr. Maclean stood for Oldham and was elected as second member. In the following year he was at the head of the poll with the largest vote given in the whole county. At the assembling of Parliament in 1886, Lord Randolph Churchill, who had become the leader of the House, chose Mr. Maclean to second the Address to the Throne. Above that time, Mr. Maclean received a very complimentary letter from Lord Salisbury, congratulating him on his success and the Conservative party on his accession to its ranks. In 1892, Mr. Maclean lost his seat for Oldham and remained out of Parliament for three years; but in 1895, was again successful in entering Parliament and wrested Cardiff from the Radicals. At a complimentary dinner given him in London, on the 8th December 1898, previous to his revisit to this country, Sir Thomas Sutherland presided, and there was a very large company. With regard to the dinner, "M. A. P." said—"Mr. Maclean fully deserved the distinction. He is a man not only of remarkable ability, but of great force of character, and of a refreshing cutspokenness in an age of half heartedness. He is one of the many Scotchmen who have risen to distinction in journalism. A strong proof of the magnetism and originality of the man was the reception of his speech at the dinner" etc. In January 1899, Mr. Maclean landed in Bombay and revisited the scenes of his earlier triumphs, and was feted and honoured by former friends. He returned home in the following month to attend to his Parliamentary duties. He did not stand as a candidate for Parliament at a subsequent general election, the two previous elections having made heavy demands upon his resources. Some time ago, he was elected President of the Institute of Journalists of London, before which he delivered an eloquent address at his first appearance. He had latterly been a frequent contributor to the Press, both in England and in this country. He was twice married, but leaves no children behind him.

THE TIBETAN INDEMNITY.

THE Shape Sar-chang has not apparently yet made over to the British Agent at Gyantse bank notes or a cheque equivalent to the 8 1-3 lakhs which the Chinese Government are providing as the first instalment of the indemnity due from the Tibetans under the Lhassa Treaty. There was really only one lakh due on the 1st January, as the Lhassa Council were given twenty-five years, in which to pay off the sum by annual instalments, free of interest charges: but China stepped in and suggested to the Lamas that the Pekin Treasury should settle the bill by three payments. This proposal seems to have proved highly acceptable at Lhassa, and the Council there despatched one of its members in haste to Calcutta, to clinch the bargain. The Shape found, however, that under the terms of the Treaty, all moneys had to be paid at Gyantse, and hence the delay in the negotiations. Moreover he was not accredited to the Government of India, and this alone made the transaction of business a somewhat tedious affair. But if we take it that the 8 1-3 lakhs are eventually paid in notes or by cheque at Gyantse and that the Shape returns to Lhassa with the receipt in his pocket, will the position of the Council hereafter be as independent as it has been since the Younghusband mission left Tibet? China does not squander money as a rule, says the "Pioneer" and if she has taken upon herself to discharge the indemnity in three yearly instalments, she will certainly exact something in return. The Lamas will be deeply in her debt, and the twenty-five lakhs will probably be recovered by the unpleasant process of squeezing the Council and imposing various hard conditions. We have it is true, heard nothing lately of the plan to make Tibet an ordinary Province of the Chinese Empire, and to place a strong garrison at Lhassa, but this scheme may still have some vitality in it. The Lamas may find that it would have been wiser to find a lakh of rupees yearly and maintain close relations with the Government of India than to hand themselves over to China. By the arrangement which the Shape has concluded, they may secure possession of the Chumbi Valley in three years instead of twenty-five, though this is not certain; but if their own power and prerogative are at the same time reduced to the vanishing point, they will be heavy losers by the transaction. Pekin diplomacy is difficult to watch, and in this instant it is plainly more tortuous than usual. The Lamas will probably repent their bargain when it is too late.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 17th 1906, on 504·35 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	1,36,000	2,20,000	4,000	3,60,000
Or per mile of Railway	270	36	8	714
For previous 10 weeks of half-year.	12,69,427	26,78,017	31,020	39,78,464
Total for 11 weeks	14,05,427	28,98,017	35,020	43,38,464
Comparison.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,27,446	2,69,184	23,903	4,20,583
Per mile of Ry. do.	253	534	47	834
Total to corresponding date do.	15,10,589	26,72,116	57,620	42,40,325

Increase for the week .... Rs. 60,533
Decrease to date .... " 98,139

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic earnings for week ending 24th March 1906.

	Coaching Traffic.	Goods Traffic.	Sundry Receipts.	Total for the week.
Approximate earnings for week ending 24th Mar. 1906—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
G I P Ry system.	2,65,784	7,39,176	3,127	10,08,087
I M R do	74,507	1,06,291	658	1,80,856
A D C Ry	10,739	13,076	39	24,454
Total	3,51,030	8,58,543	3,824	12,13,397
Actuals for corresponding week end ing 25th Mar. 1905—				
G I P R system	2,53,302	7,69,775	13,165	10,36,242
I M R do	62,768	83,18[illegible]	5,833	1,51,789
A DC Ry	5,552	1,461	981	7,991
Total	3,21,622	8,54,4[illegible]	19,979	11,96,025
Increase or Decrease G I P R	+ 12,482	— 30,599	— 10,038	— 28,155
I M R	+ 11,739	+ 22,503	— 5,175	+ 29,037
A D C Ry	+ 5,187	+ 12,215	— 942	+ 16,460

GODHRA-RUTLAM-NAGDA RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 17th Mar 1906 on 141·14 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	5,000	15,000	......	20,000
Or per mile of Railway	36	106	......	142
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	49,098	2,92,715	755	3,42,568
Total for 11 weeks	54,098	3,07,715	755	2,62,568
Comparison.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	6,079	22,554	54	23,987
Per mile of Ry. do.	43	162	......	205
Total to corresponding date do.	55,702	2,60,317	1,525	3,17,544

Decrease for the week .... Rs. 8,987
Increase to date .... " 45,024

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th Mar, 1906, on 17·28 miles open,

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	400	200	..	600
Or per mile of Rail way	23	12	..	35
For previous 10 weeks of half-year.	4,816	2,837	45	7,698
Total for 11 weeks	5,216	3,037	45	8,298
Comparison				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	441	284	1	726
Per mile of Rs. do.	26	16	..	42
Total to corresponding date do.	4,768	2,817	61	7,674

Decrease for the week .... Rs. 126
Increase to date .... " 624

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which Lady Constance Howard writes "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that the name and figure Head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE BARISAL SENSATION.

MOST of the vernacular journals denounce the action of the authorities at Barisal in affecting the arrest of Mr. Surendranath Banerji. The "Indu Prakash" states:—History is full of records of persons who in the intoxication of power sneered, scoffed and made merry with such injuries as they could for the time being do to others, but who were destined by righteous Providence to shed bitter tears of agony and repentence when the terrible hour of revenge came and dreadful penalties had to be paid. The narrow-minded Anglo-Indian journalists who are at persent chaffing the leaders of Bengal and jubilating over the doings of Sir Bamfylde Fuller's Government at Barisal are men of this type, and may under the inscrutable decrees of heaven yet live to even themselves repent and grieve and pay dearly at last in mental agony for their vanity and folly, for the light-heartedness they display as men and the utter lack of political wisdom they show as statesmen. They are something like celebrating a triumph over what has been so appropriately described as one of the greatest follies of Sir. B. Fuller's Government by the wise "Statesman" the climax of the follies. we should say, namely the arrest of Mr. Surendranath Banerji, the raid on the delegates and the dispersion practically at the point of the bayonet of the Barisal Provincial Conference.

The "Praja Bandhu" is more outspoken in its remarks:—The arrest of Babu Surendranath Banerjee by the Police of Barisal, his subsequent convictions on charges of insulting the District Magistrate and disobeying lawful orders, and the forcible break up of the Bengal Provincial Conference have caused profound indignation throughout the length and breadth of India. Foolish Anglo-Indian journalists may endeavour to be little the whole series of events, and cast ridicule on some of the most patriotic of our leaders. They represent at the best the views of the Anglo-Indian world, and are as ignorant of the depth and intensity of real Indian feeling, as Anglo-Indian officials who often pose as the repositories of a true knowledge on the subject. The fact is that the gulf that divides the rulers and the ruled is growing too wide to be bridged by the ordinary Anglo-Indian methods, and that it is high time that modes of administration, more in keeping with the requirements of the existing situation, should be seriously thought of and adopted, if the present unrest and discontent is not to develop into a state that may affect the very stability of the present order of things.

The "Indian Spectator" observes:—Ordinarily, legal doubts are referred for opinion to "counsel." If doctors of law disagree, we have no means of obtaining the authoritative opinion of a competent Court of law. Babu Surendranath Banerji and others are said to have hit upon the only means available to them of testing the validity of the prohibition in Bengal against the shouting of "Bande Mataram" in the streets. They disregarded the prohibition, and Mr. Banerji has allowed himself to be fined. The highest Court in the land will no doubt be appealed to, and an authoritative opinion obtained. An experimental offence is no offence: it is more like a practical examination in law. There were more candidates, it seems, whom the Police Superintendent is said to have rejected, because one case is just like another. As the object of the whole transaction was known, the Police, for ought we know, might on the previous day have rehearsed the part they were to play in what they must have regarded as an experimental disturbance of the peace. Is not the inaccessibility of Courts of law to honest citizens, troubled by honest doubts, a disability to be removed? There may be more obedience to the law in honest doubts than in half the protestations about law-abiding.

The "Gujerati" discourses: The accounts that have been published regarding the circumstances under which Mr. Surendranath Banerjee was arrested are not sufficiently clear nor wholly reconcileable, and in the absence of precise and authentic details, it becomes difficult to pronounce upon the strictly legal aspects of the incident. There are important question of law and fact involved in the matter, and at this distance it is not possible to give any final opinion regarding them. But the general question of policy raised by the action of the Government of Eastern Bengal in prohibiting a procession, and the utterance of Vande Mataram in times of peace and dispersing the Barisal Conference is not surrounded with any special difficulty.

SIR M. M. BHOWNAGGREE AND BETHNAL GREEN.

The 'Rast Goftar' remarks:—Only last week we had occasion to deplore the absence of Sir Mancherji in Parliament when the Lascar question was on for discussion. We missed him sorely, for the second time, within a couple of months' existence of the Parliament during the recent debate on the position of Indians in the South Africa. The various iniquities under which emigrants from this country labour, need an intimate knowledge of the circumstances of their case to expose them before the House in their glaring colours. The delicate nature of the subject calls for statemanlike treatment and tact, and as a past master in both, Sir Mancherji's returns would be doubly welcomed About the end of the last month the Conservative and Unionist Registration Association of E. N. Bethnal Green treated Sir Mancherji to a sumptuous dinner, and made him a presentation of a massive beautifully carved cabinet, one of the finest specimens of exquisite workmanship and a product of the skilful artisans of the locality who carry on quite a thriving business in its manufacture. The elite of the constituency mustered strong to mark their sense of appreciation for service rendered to them by Sir Mancherji in previous years. The honour of the chair was bestowed upon Mr. James Walker. J. P. who along with other speakers made some enthusiastic speeches, eulogising the good work done for them in past years by Sir Mancherji in and out of Parliament, and paid eloquent tribute to the many good qualities of head and heart, which have endeared him to them all and made him a household word in his constituency, We in India cordially participate in their wishes to see Sir Mancherji back in Parliament, and hope that an opportunity for him would not be long in coming.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, APRIL 24.

Local rain has fallen in Assam and on the North-West Himalayas. The chief amounts are: Sibsagar, Cherrapoonjee and Sonemarg one inch, Dibrugarh, Srinagar and Dras half an inch, and Silchar and Murree a quarter of an inch. Mercara also reports half an inch of rain. Mean temperature has risen in the United Provinces, the Punjab and Central parts of the country. Rain is probable in Assam and on the West Himalayas.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 24TH APRIL.

SUMMARY.

Pressure changes have been small and irregular over nearly the whole country.

Winds are north-westerly to south-westerly at most places and the force has been fresh to light.

Temperature.—The maximum is from 6° to 9° in excess of normal at Akola, Amednagar, Bijapur and Cuddapah and the minimum 6° to 8° at Deesa, Calicut and Negapatam. The sky highest temperature in the shade was 111° at Cuddapah and the lowest 65° at Rajkot.

Cloud and Humidity.—The is cloudy to overcast in Rajputana and at Agra, Deesa, Mangalore, Masulipatam, Madras, Trichinopoly and Colombo.

Rain.—Nil.

Weather continues fine.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

HOLIDAY HOMES.

AN association has done very usefull work at home in establishing holiday homes, to which men and women of moderate means could go. There is certainly a greater need in India for co-operative effort of this kind, says the "Englishman," Holiday resorts are mere difficult to reach, rooms have to be booked in advance and rates rise higher every year. If enterprising individuals who devote so much time and energy to organising athletic and other societies in Calcutta, would turn their attention to this problem, I am sure they would surely be amply repaid. The railway companies would reduce fares if a guaranteed number travelled together. There are many houses in all hill stations that stand empty for months in the year, and if philanthropy does not thrive in the hills, a business proposition to take premises for a limited term would probably appeal to the landlords concerned. Who is prepared to take up a Holiday Home Scheme for Calcutta?

FLORILINE—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The fragrant Floriline being composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers, Wholesale Depot 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

The egg-craze has been responsible for numerous jokelets of varying merit,, one wiseacre suggesting that as the result of their egg-dit the Chambridge crew feathered beautifully, while another genius proposes that in future poultry shows should be held in Egg-sitter Hall. America naturally has its say on the subject. The New York World publishes the following:—Robert E. Foster, jun., of Newton. The Sussex County N. J, an ornithologist and biologist, has succeeded, with the able assistance of his white Leghorn roosters and hens, in developing an egg with a handle. Mr. Foster will not tell how he educated the Leghorn up to this, but he has seven eggs with handles. One such is on exhibition in the editorial rooms of the Sussex Register, and proves the power of suggestion over intelligent and observant fowls. On the small end of this egg is a protuberance from the shell about as big as the handle of a tiny cup. The butt of the egg is flattened, so that the egg stands by itself. Anyone can see the immense economic and commercial value of an egg so shaped. Egg-coups will be supreflnous hereafter. But Mr. Foster is reaching for a higher triumph. He is adding gradually, whisky, sugar, and nutmeg to the water his Leghorns drink. He expects soon to ship egg-nogs by the crate labelled: Slice off the top. That's all.

The example set by the Japanese after their war with China in teaching their troops the principles of sanitation is now being followed at Aldershot, where a school of sanitation has just been attached to the Royal Army Medical Crops, for the purpose of training men in every arm of the service to supervise the sanitary arrangements in camp and to attend to the purification of the water supply. Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Frith, who was professor of hygiene at the Royal Army Medical College in London, has been appointed instructor at the school. Since the Japanese instructed their troops in sanitation sickness in their ranks in camps has been reduced to a minimum,

Gainsborough's celebrated picture, Repose, which he presented as a marriage gift to his daughter, Mrs. Fischer, is to be sold next Saturday, April 7, at Christie's. It forms part of the collection of pictures of Mr. Harry Quilter, the sale of which will occupy two days. In the same collection are The Rainbow painted in 1886, by G. F. Watts, and exhibited last year at Burlington House, and the Novel, from the collection of Charles Dickens for whom it was painted in 1852 (in which year it was exhibited at the R. A.), by Mr. Hannah, to commemorate the publication of the first number of Bleak House.

A curious musical case has been engaging the attention of the Melbourne courts. A local poet wrote the book of an opera under the title of Kismet or, The Cadi's Daughter and a local composer contracted to provide the music. But the latter did not come up to time, and the librettist, failing to get back his book or any information as to the promised music, brougth an action claiming £300 damages. After a lengthy hearing a Cadi-like decision was arrived at. The composer has been given until August 30 to provide the music and then if he is not ready to hand over the complete score he will have to pay £50 to the librettist and all the costs of the action.

A carelessness in demeanour, a pertness of tongue, disgrace, society as they disgrace Parliament (says a writer in Blackwood's Magazine). The old-fashioned respect for age and service has long since been forgotten. To-day everybody is as good as his neighbour, or better, and the doctrine of equality is busy levelling down the ancient eminences. One thing only seems worthy of worship among the apostles of human equality, and that is success. It seems a paradox that they who believe the scavenger the equal of the poet should none the less worship the under-secretary or the popular novelist who advertises himself. But so it is. Advertisement is success, and success is advertisement; and he who catches the attention of a big circulation is a big man.

People who deal in small change have been victimised to an extraordinary extent during the past few weeks with bad sixpences. On one day twenty of the spurious coins were passed off upon L. C.C, tram conductors. The coins, which one would think would scarcely pay for the making and the trouble of getting them into circulation are said to be more than usually well made the weight in particular being well calculated to deceive.

A curious library is to be sold at Sotheby's on the last three days in Easter week. It is that of the late Rev W E Begley, of Beechcroft-gardens, Hampstead formerly of East Hyde Vicarage Luton. It comprises a collection of rare books and tracts chronogrammatic anagrammatic, and epigrammatic and other singular literary productions scarce works on witchcraft sorcery demonomania alchemy and other occult subjects writings of ultra religious sect-founders original documents by Joanna Southcott, and others connected with Mormonism Swedenborgianism, Quakerism Anabaptists, Millenarians, and Spiritualists. Included in the sale will be the Novæ Solymae Libri Sex, an anonymous work which was confidently claimed for Milton by Mr. Begley, who published a new and critical edition, setting forth his arguments in favour of Milton's authorship.

The whole of the buildings on the east side of Agar-street as for as, but not including, the Civil Service Stores, are, a correspondent understands, doomed to demolition at no very distant date, the tenants having received notice to quit. The corner formed by the junction of Agar-street and the Strand, nearly opposite Charing Cross, is a notoriously dangerous one, owing to the narrowness of the roadway and the enormous volume of traffic using it. A very large number of motor-'buses running between Cricklewood and the Elephant and Castle turn into the Strand at this point, and it was here that a fatal accident occurred recently through one of these vehicles skidding and coming into contact with the kerbstone. The demolition of the building at the corner should provide a good opportunity for the line of frontage to be set back, or at any rate for the corner to be rounded off.

To-day Mr. Algernon Charles Swinburne, borne in Chapelstreet, Belgravia enters upon his seventieth year, happily in excellent health. It is noteworthy that the only surviving great poet of the Victorian era is less satisfactorily represented in anthologies than any of his contemporaries. Mr. Swinburne gave us a selection of his lyrical work in 1887, is remarkable, perhaps for its ommissions as for the poets references. In the second series of F. T. Palgrave's Golden Treasury, which cost him thrice the labour of the first regret it expressed in the preface at the compilers inability to adorn his pages with examples of Mr. Swinburnes brilliant lyrical gift. Mr. Quiller Couch was successful, however, in securing the sanction of the poet for representation in The Oxford Book of English Verse, of which he occupies seventeen pages.

St. Nicholas, Deptford, to which Mr. Tyrwhitt-Drake has just appointed a new vicar possesses richer literary artistic, and naval associations than most churches of the riverside. It was the parish church of John Evelyn and his tenant Peter the Great, who delighted to make the parson drunk as well as of a long line of naval heroes. One of the many historic monuments quaintly commemorates Peter Pett the Noah of his age who invented the frigate. A weird wood-carving, representing the prophet Ezekiel in the valley of dry bones, is by Grinling Gibbons, who was discovered here by Evelyn. The parish register records the burial of Christopher Marlowe slaine by ffrancis Archer, on June 1, 1693.

China, as regards its soldiers, as well as in other ways, is decidedly looking up. It now possesses an Army of 120,000 men, properly equipped and trained by foreigners. The Rev. E. J. Hardy, M. A., late chaplain to the forces at Hong Kong, points out in the Nineteenth Century that the Chinaman has the qualities of a good soldier. He can live upon nothing, and has little or no objection to dying. The new soldiers, as a matter of fact, are well fed and well drilled, and they astonished by their efficiency the foreign officers who lately witnessed by invitation, their first manœuvres. It is expected, within ten years, to increase their number to half a million.

An advertiser in a contemporary requires a sensational about one million words in length. Here is a temptation to valuable authors to achieve the very to biggest thing in English fiction. This astounding serial, if it ever gets written, will be longer than Vanity Fair, Daniel Deronda, and Middle-march together. The longest novel that has appeared within recent years—Mrs. Humphry Ward's Marcella—runs to about 275,000 words. But George Eliot easily outdid Mrs. Ward, for Middlemarch has nearly 329,000 words and Daniel Deronda, not far short of 325 000 Thackeray ran the feminine authors pretty closely in Vanity Fair (324,000 words) and Pendennis (about 272,000). How insignificant these works will seem when that million-word competitor bursts complete upon the world!

ODE TO AN EGG.

Frail thing, no doubt you thought that when
  Electiontide at last was ended
You would be left at peace by men,
  And that, you told yourself, was splendid.
Alas! you can discover no trace
  Of that devoutly longed-for rest!
The advent of this awful Boat-race
  Finds you again in great request.
The world is cudgelling its brains
  To furbish up some fearsome joke,
And takes unnecessary pains
  To poke fun at your white and yolks;
But be not in composure lacking;
  Still let your courage keep intact,
For, though these wheezes men are cracking,
  We trust that you'll remain uncracked.

AN AWFUL SKIN DISEASE

Sores Covered Neck and Cheeks—Itched Day and Night—Nothing Did Me Any Good—Was Growing Worse—Immediately Relieved, and

SPEEDILY CURED BY CUTICURA REMEDIES

Miss Nellie Vander Wiele, of Lakeside, N. Y., writing under date of April 18, 1904, says: "I do wish you would publish this letter in the newspapers, so that others suffering as I have may see it and be helped. I suffered for many months with an awful skin disease, sores covering my ears, neck, and cheeks. Scabs would form and they would swell, and itch day and night. Then they would break open and blood and matter run out. I had tried many different remedies, but none of them did me any good. I was growing worse when I tried the Cuticura Remedies. The first application helped me, and when I had used two cakes of Cuticura Soap, three boxes of Cuticura Ointment, and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, I was completely cured."

TORTURING, DISFIGURING
Humours, Eczemas, Itchings, and Chafings Cured by Cuticura

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair and crusting of the scalp, as in scalled head; the facial disfigurement, as in pimples and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants, and anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter, and salt rheum,—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are such stands proven beyond all doubt by the testimony of the civilized world.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U. S. A., Sole Props.
Mailed Free, "How to Cure Skin Humours."

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Ensures a Clear, Soft Skin.

It is pure throughout, fragrantly perfumed, emollient, and antiseptic, (10% crystal carbolic). It quickly removes dust and dirt, takes away the unpleasant effects of perspiration, and leaves instead a delicious feeling of thorough purification.

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NO MAN should be weak; no man shoud suffer the loss of that vital element which renders life worth living. No man should allow himself to become less a man than Nature intended him; no man should suffer when there is here at hand a certain cure for his weakness, a check to his waste of power. Most of the pains, most of the weakness of the stomach, heart, brain and nerves, from which men suffer, are due to an early loss of Nature's reserve power through mistakes. You need not suffer from this, you can be restored. The very element which you have lost you can get back, and you may be as happy as any man that lives.

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worn while you sleep, pumps a constant soothing current of Electricity into your body for hours at a time. No burning or blistering of the skin, because the metal discs are covered with the proper electrodes, and the current is properly under control by means of the regulator attachment, which permits any desired strength being used. It has cured others and will cure you of Lame Back, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sciatica, Anæmia, and Lassitude, and will absolutely dispel that tired feeling you have when you get up in the morning. Electricity alone is the proper remedy for these and all organic or functional weaknesses arising from improper circulation and unnecessary waste of energy, it absolutely restores vigour. If you are ailing in any way and interested in this grand remedy, call on me and I will explain it to you. My specialist will give you a free test of the appliance. Advice and counsel is absolutely free. If you cannot call send for my book. It tells how my Body Battery is used and gives cuts illustrating the method. It will inspire you to be bigger stronger, younger (if you are old) and more manly than you ever felt. Write to-day. It is sent post free.

Office hours 9-30 a.m. to 6 p.m

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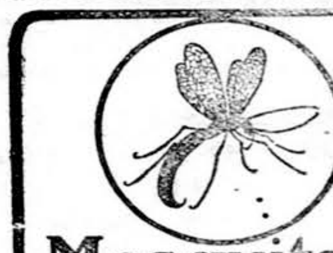

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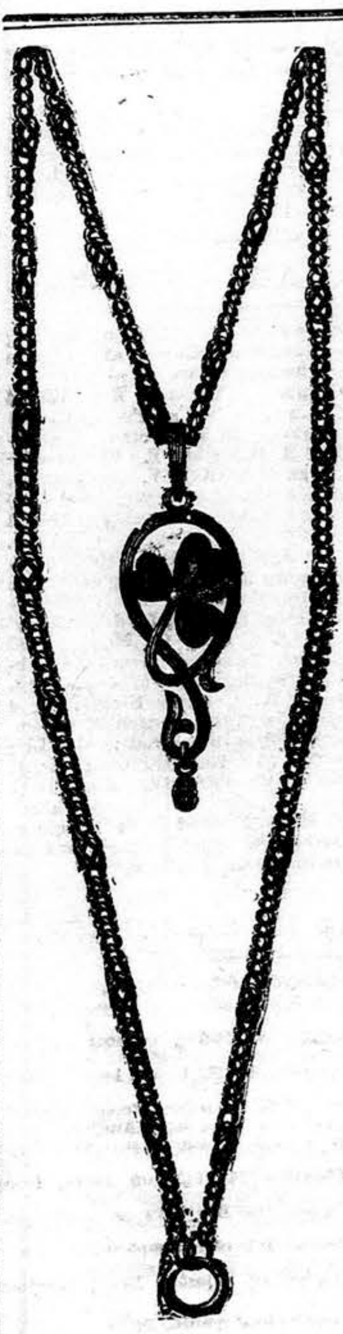
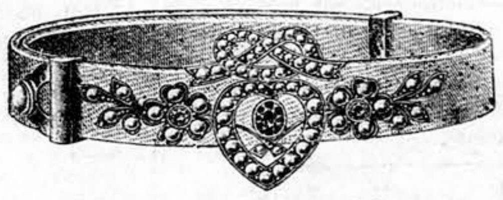
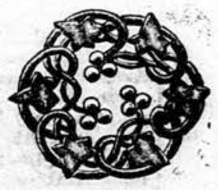


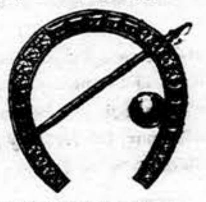
B 22752, Necklet with pendant set with Emeralds, Ruby and pearl, Rs. 110.



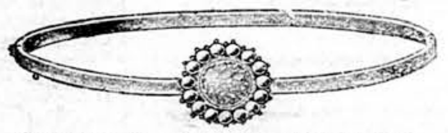
B 45783, Expanding bracelet with patent clasp. Set pearls and rubies, Rs. 250.



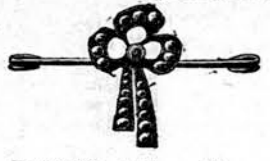
B 38652, Enamelled brooch, set pearls, Rs. 32.



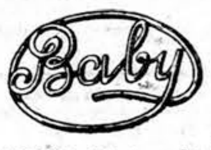
B 45395, Set diamonds, rubies and pearl, Rs. 220.



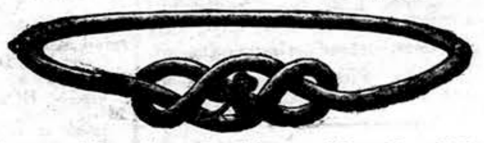
B 23547, Bracelet set with opal and pearls, Rs. 46.



B 42396, 15ct. gold, pear and turquoise safety pin, Rs. 10-8.



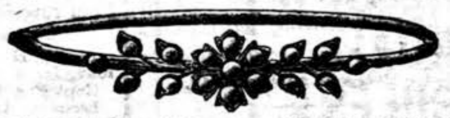
B 37890, 15 ct. gold, twisted wire brooch, Rs. 10.



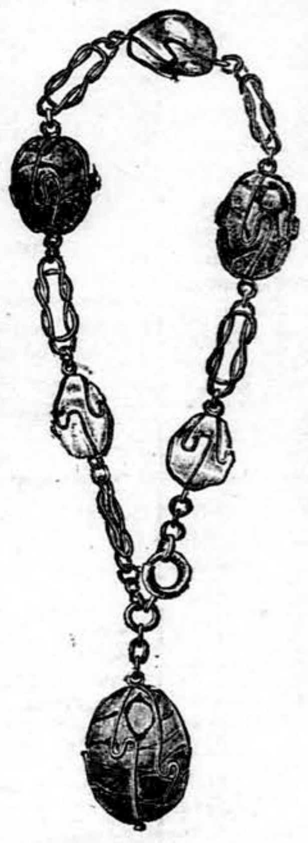
B 21046, Bracelet set with 3 rubies, Rs. 50.

B 32675, opal safety pin, Rs. 5.

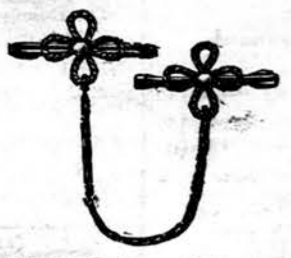
B 32765, Pearl safety pin, Rs. 6-8.



B 26017, Bracelet, set pearls, Rs. 40.

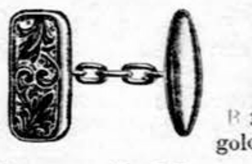


B 39361, Bracelet set with turquoise matrix and baroque pearls, Rs. 90



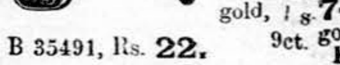
44757, Twin safety pins, set turquoises, Rs. 12.

15carat gold safety pins, Rs 4 to 21.

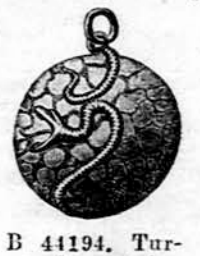


B 35491, Rs. 22.

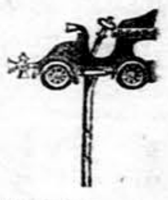
B 34852, 18ct. gold, Rs. 7-12. 9ct. gold, Rs. 3-8



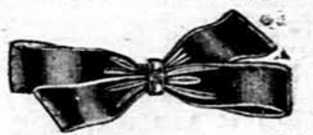
B 37144, Solid gold charm, Rs. 17



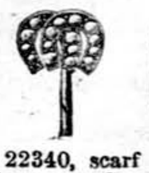
B 44194. Turquoise matrix mounted in 15ct. gold, Rs. 31.



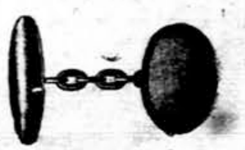
B 45936, Gold platinum and diamond pin, Rs. 45.



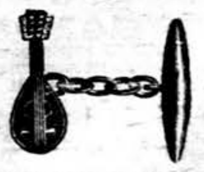
46258, Brooch, 18carat gold Rs 20.
15carat gold, Rs. 18.



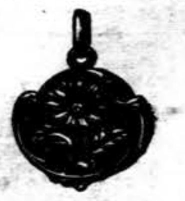
B 22340, scarf pin set pearls, Rs. 17.



B 35479, gold links, Rs. 23.



B 36314, Links set rubies and diamonds, Rs. 48.



B 20994, Enamelled charm, with diamond, Rs. 17.

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WRITERS AND READERS.

A copy of the great Catalogue of the British Museum Library, in more than three hundred volumes, is about to be sold in New York by auction. This appears to be the first time that this important contribution to bibliography has come upon the market, and it will be interesting to see what price it fetches. Of course the greater number of copies published have been absorbed by public libraries, as the average owner of a private collection of books has no room on his shelves and little use for so monumental a work. It forms perhaps the most complete record yet printed of our modern literature, as it is bound to contain the name of every book that has been published since it became compulsory on publishers (in 1757) to send a copy of every book entered at Stationers Hall to the library of the British Museum. Complaints have sometimes been made of the slowness with which the work of printing this Catalogue was carried out, but it compares favourably with the rate at which similar work has been done for other libraries on the same scale. There is still something to be desired in the system of cataloguing, which insists upon a somewhat pedantic adherence to arbitrary rules. A correspondent of the Athenæum has just congratulated the Museum authorities on entering the works of Voltaire under that celebrated pseudonym and not merely under Arouet but he adds that works relating to Madame de Pompadour have still to be sought under the heading of Le, Normant d'Etioles. When the New Crtalogue was undertaken by Panizzi, the ninety one rules which he laid down for his subordinates represented the very pedantry of cataloguing. One of those engaged upon it, Mr. Espinasse, gives some illustrations of the absurdities to which it led :—

Suppose the work to be catalogued was the first edition of Waverley. Common-sense would suggest that it should be entered under Scott. But no ! according to the ninety-one rules it had, because anonymous, to be catalogued under Waverley, with a reference to Waverley from Scott ! still more strikingly absurd was Panizzi's mode of dealing with the first edition of Milton's Comus, the authorship of which is pretty well known to a good many persons much less instructed than Lord Macaulay's Schoolboy. Because it was anonymous, the ninety-one rules bade it be catalogued not even under Comus, but under Ludlow Castle, where, as the title page testified, the noble masque had been first presented ! Imagine this padantry extended in every direction and it will cease to be wonderful that it took more than thirty years to complete the New Catologue at a cost probably, of a quarter of a million sterling. Perhaps we owe something more to Panizzi's passion for method than this amusing diatribe would lead the reader to suppose. Cataloguing is apt to decline into laxity unless it is undertaken in a scientific spirit, and though Panizzi exaggerated the librarian's other danger of falling into pedantry, he made it possible for the greatest catalogue ever attempted to be carried to successful completion, and to be a useful and, on the whole, satisfactory guide to several generations of students.

The new edition of 'Dampier's Voyages' which Mr. Masefield has in hand is, we see, to contain brief biographies of the buccaneers and seamen with whom that famous circumnavigator was associated. Only one of these has attained independent renown, and that is largely due to the fortunate accident which associated his name with one of the most popular of English romances. This was Alexander Selkirk, who provided Defoe with the central idea of "Robinson Crusoe." Selkirk, whose curiously naive statue is to be seen at Largo by the tourist, was the sailingmaster of one of the two ships which composed Dampier's privateering expedition to the South Seas in 1703. A quarrel with its captain led to his being marooned—apparently at his own desire—on the uninhabited island of Juan Fernandez in the autumn of 1704, and there he stayed for nearly five years, until he was taken off by another of Dampier's buccaneering expeditions. The story of his life on the desert island, which was published in more than one form on his retun to England, appealed to the popular mind. Steele made it the subject of a striking essay in one of the less-known publications with which he was connected—the "Englishman" for December 3. 1713,—and Defao, six years later, embroidered on Selkirk's theme the immortal story the epic of tools. Most people only know Selkirk from his connection with this work and from Cowper's fine poem on the horrors of solitnde, which perhaps struck the sensitive imagination of the home-bred poet more forcibly than the very practical mind of the hardy and somewhat unromantic seaman. Considering that all history relates of Selkirk's ecclesiastical experience is that "he was once publicaly rebuked in the face of the congregation for quarrelling with his brothers, and on another occasion was cited to appear before the kirk session for indecen behaviour in church, we may think that it was somewhat ill-advised of Cowper to include "the sound of the church-going bell" among the attractions which his native country had for Alexander Selkirk.

Some interesting sales of literary relics have taken place in London lately. The chief item, from the financial point of view, was the autograph manuscript of Burun's famous lament Thou ling'ring star, which is commonly known under Currie's probably apocryphal title, To Mary in heaven. An enterprising dealer, with the cult of the Burns Clubs in his mind, gave £152 for this autograph It is curious to notice how often the worst work of a famous writer seems to present the chief attraction to collectors. Every critic of sense agrees with the strictures which the late Mr. Henley passed on the poem in question—Hypochondriacal and remorseful yet riddled with adjectives, specifically amatorious yet woefully lacking in genuine inspiration. Burns was almost always second-rate when he took to his English, and this is no exception. It would not be easy to fine a better specimen of the failure of a great poet than in the refrain of the first and last tauzas :—

> O Mary, dear departed shade !
> Where is thy place of blissful rest ?
> See'st thou thy lover lowly laid ?
> Hear'st thou the groans that rend his breast ?

No one who reads these harsh, frigid, and insincere lines can possibly pretend to mistake them for poetry, unless he is blinded by the singular cult of Highland Mary—that barelegged Beatrice of the Scottish Philistine. Set beside them these other famous lines :—

> Had we never lov'd sae kindly,
> Had we never lov'd sae blindly,
> Never met—or never parted—
> We had ne'er been broken hearted.

But considerations of this kind have little or nothing to do with the market price of autographs. We have already heard it suggested that the Scots in London should unite to purchase this precious relic of our national bard, and the false sentiment and claptrap oratory of the Burns celebrations are at once invoked to work up enthusiasm for Highland Mary. It is rather hard on a true poet that his work should be doomed—apparently by a law of nature—to be so ill-criticised by this countrymen that they reserve their enthusiasm for his failurs and prefer "The Cotter's Saturday Night to The Jolly Beggars, presumably on moral grounds which do not apply to the poems on whisky.

There is a controversy on foot about the socalled love-letters of Madame de Stael which are now appearing in an American paper. Most of those who are acquainted with the career of that able but unfeminine woman will be inclined, on a priori grounds, to take the view of those who hold that they are not love. letters. Madame de Stael certainly had more than one affair of the heart, in the technical sense, but she was not the sort of woman who was given to writing love-letters. Talleyrand not only scored off a rival but made a sound criticism when he met Madame de Stael after the publication of the novel in which she had caricatured him as a malicious old lady and idealised herself as the heroine, with the bland remark I understand that in Delphine both you and I appear—disguised us women !

The death of Bismarck's great opponent, Eugen Richter, has given occasion to M. Maurice Lair for a study of his career, which is full of parallels between the fate of the deceased statesman and that which seems to be hanging over the moderate Liberal a good deal nearer home. Eugen Richter began he tells us as the burgomaster of the small town of Neuwied and was transferred to a provincial prefecture because he was seen to be too liberal in his tendencies. Failing again to please his superiors he quitted Government service altogether, and devoted himself day and night to counterwork the purpose of the Iron Chancellor As unsuccessful in this as was his English counterpart in similar case he nevertheless succeeded in forming a powerful party in the Reichstag including such great names in non-political matters, as Virchow, Mommen and Siemens. The newspaper he founded the Freisinnige Zeitung, soon became a thorn in the Government's side, and he so thoroughly earned the respect of all parties for his conscientiousness and refusal to grab at merely party advantages that his nickname of Socrates was generally supposed to be given him for deeper reasons than those of mere outward favour. Yet it is not by such loyal service that Demos is attracted. From the first, he perceived the danger of Socialism, and in book after book set himself to oppose alike State help and protectionist tariffs. In consequence, his party split into different groups, and from seventy-seven in 1884 fell to less than thiry-seven in 1893, untill at last the dismissal of Bismarck by his master left his, as they siad of Disraeli on the death of Peel ; like an anatomist without his subject. Meanwhile the moderate Liberals he had led found themselves caught between the Democratic Socialist on the one hand and the Catholic centre on the other, and gradually crushed out of existence. Such, has been the fate everywhere of those Liberals who try to reconcile the people's will with people's interest.

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Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark :
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SURGERY CAN ONLY GIVE TEMPORARY RELIEF TO THE FOLLOWING DISEASES, :—
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HYDROCELE, Hernia, Elephantiasis, and all rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless remedy of 85 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils. Patients are requested to see me before undergoing operation, for a permanent cure. Pills and Oil for 20 days. Rs. 13-8.
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FATTY OR WINDY BODY, the undue increase of the belly and abdomen, the waist, loin, etc., can be easily cured, with a reduction of 3 to 5 inches after 20 days. Also rheumatism, gout, paralysis. The effect of cure is experienced after 15 days' treatment. Oil for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.
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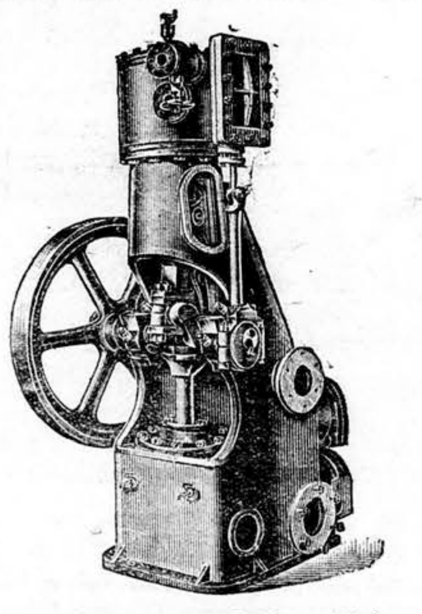

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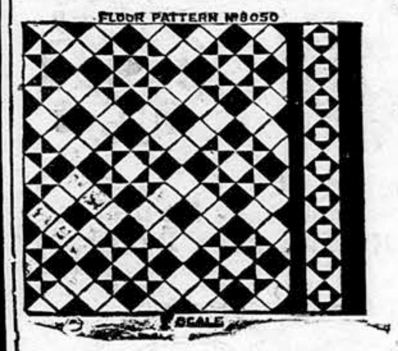

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DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
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ROBERT R. ROSS,
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THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.
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PAID-UP CAPITAL .... „ 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND... „ 10,300,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS .... „ 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND...... „ 1,000,000
HEAD OFFICE : YOKOHAMA.
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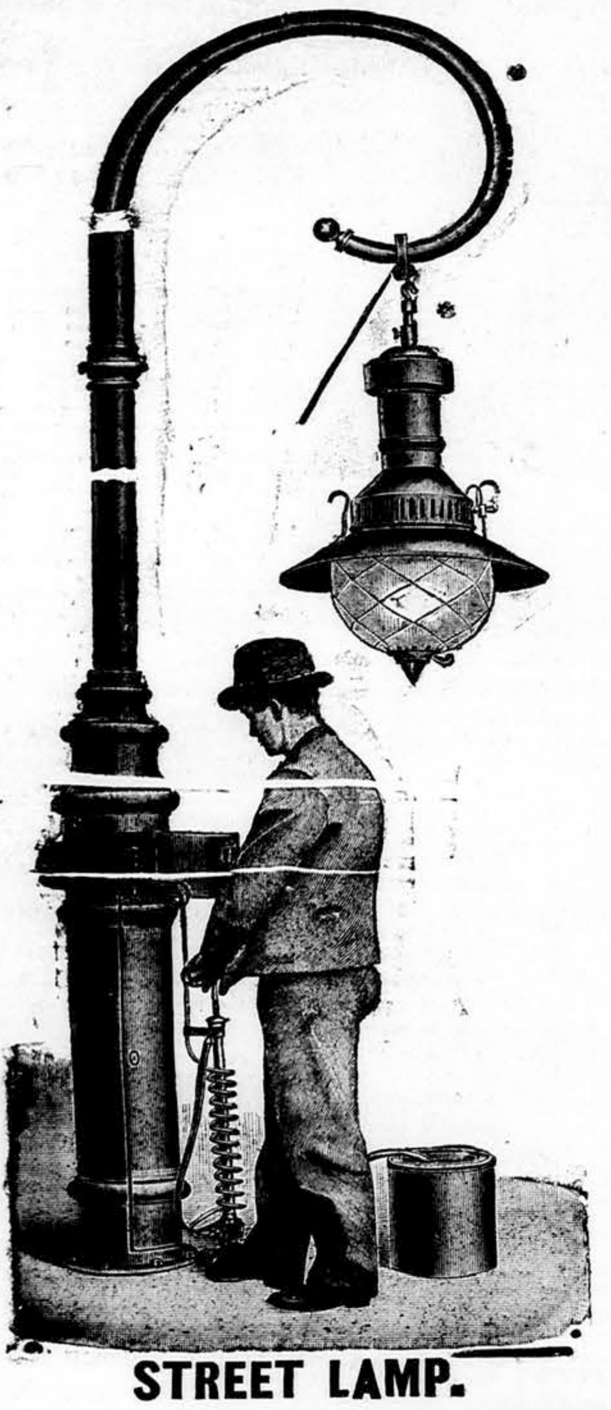

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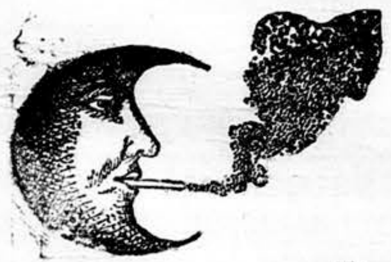

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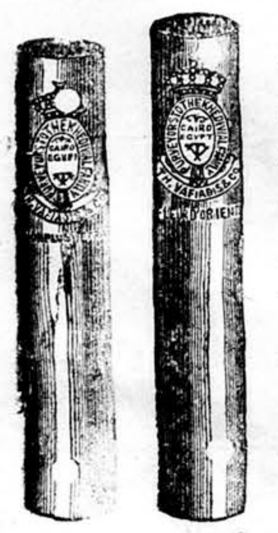

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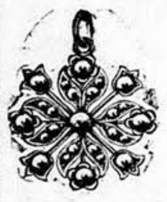
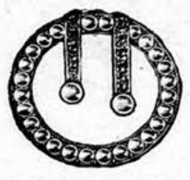
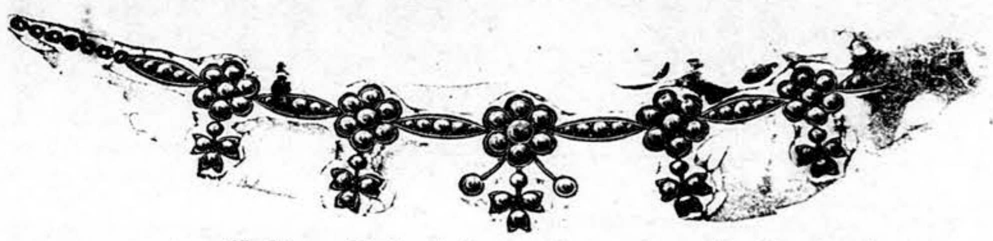


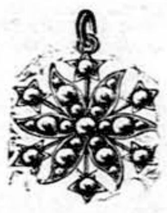
Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 32.



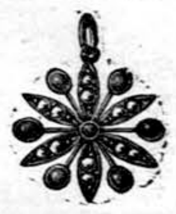
Gold brooch set sapphire and pearls, Rs. 100.



Gold necklet set turquoise and pearls, Rs. 175.



Gold pearl pendant, Rs. 38.



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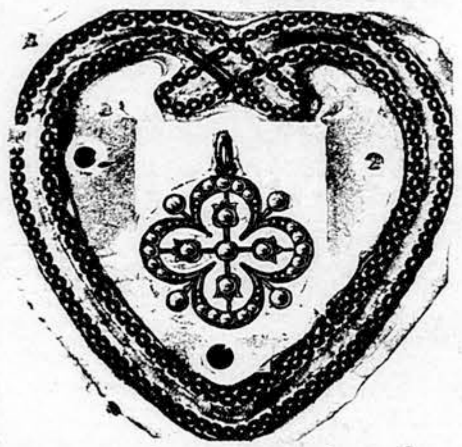
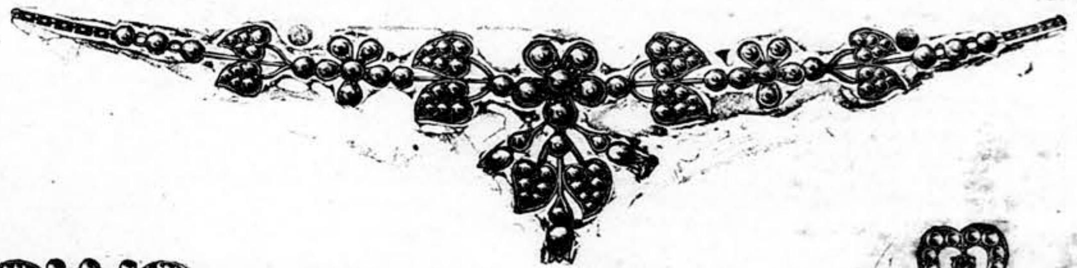
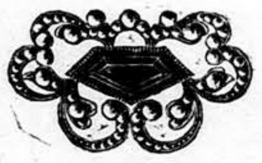


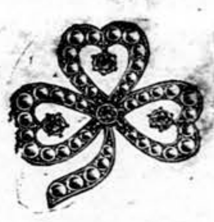
Gold pendant set pearls and gold chain, Rs. 50.



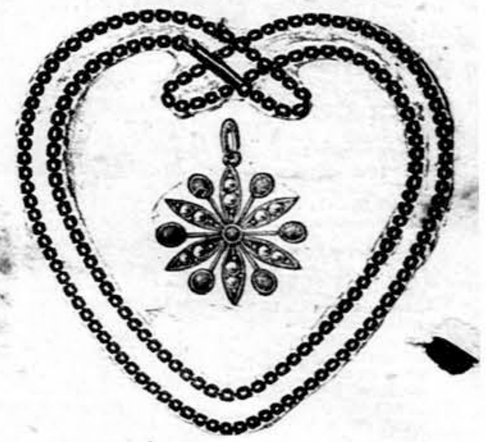
Gold neckled set pearls, Rs. 250.



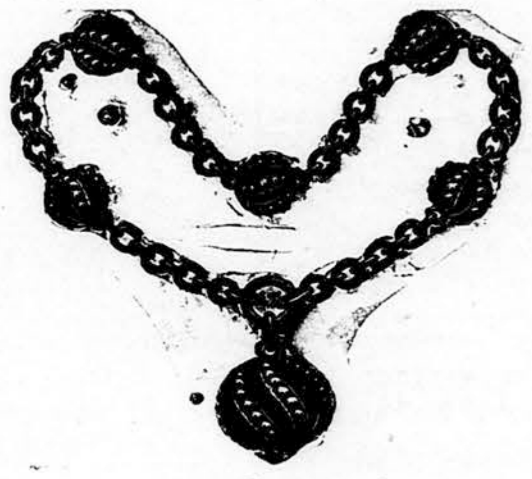
Gold brooch set peridot and pearls, Rs. 140.



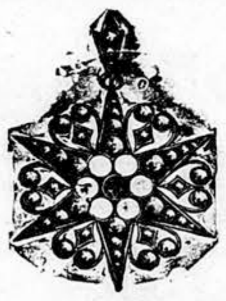
Gold brooch olivine and pearls, Rs. 112.



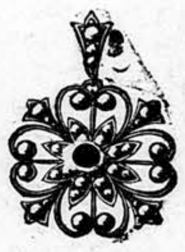
Gold pendant and chain set pearls, Rs. 50.



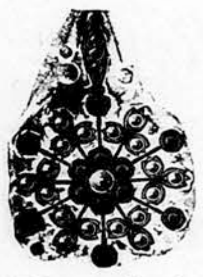
Gold pearls, Set Bracelet Rs. 205.



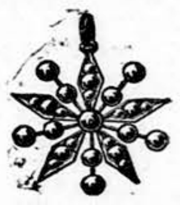
Gold pendant set turquoise and pearls, Rs. 115.



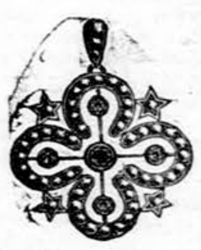
Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 75.



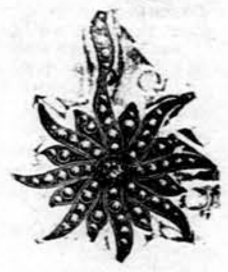
Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 70.



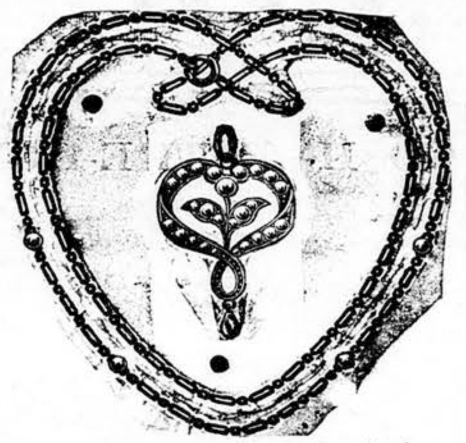
Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.



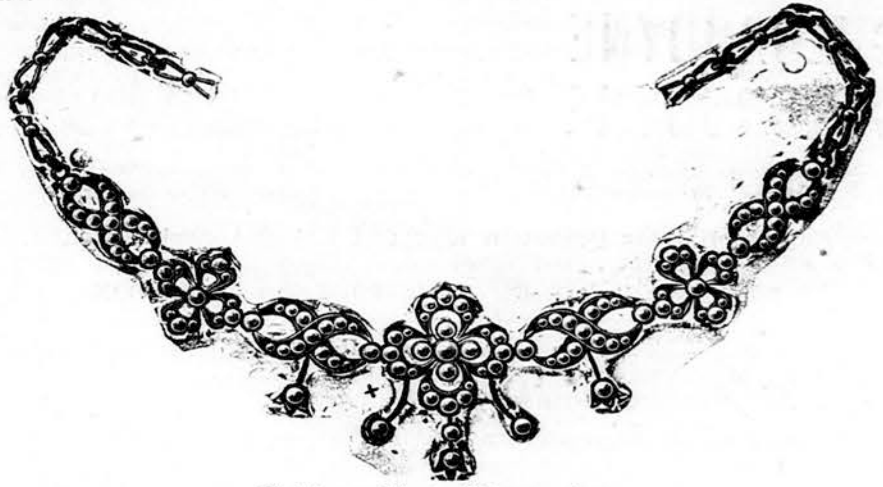
Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.



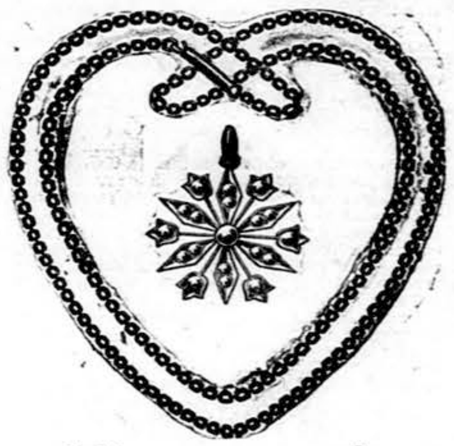
Gold pendant set diamonds and pearls, Rs. 135



Gold pendant set pearls platinum and gold chain, Rs. 55.



Gold necklet of turquoise and pearls, Rs. 275.



Gold pendant set pearls and gold chain, Rs. 50.

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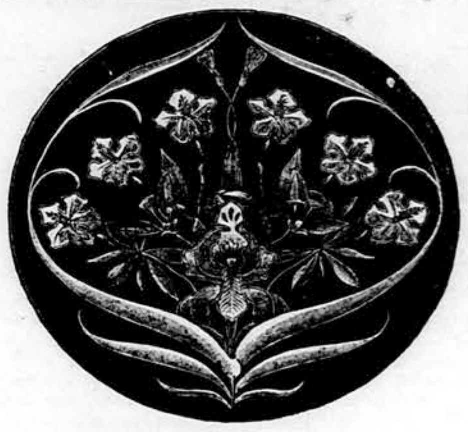

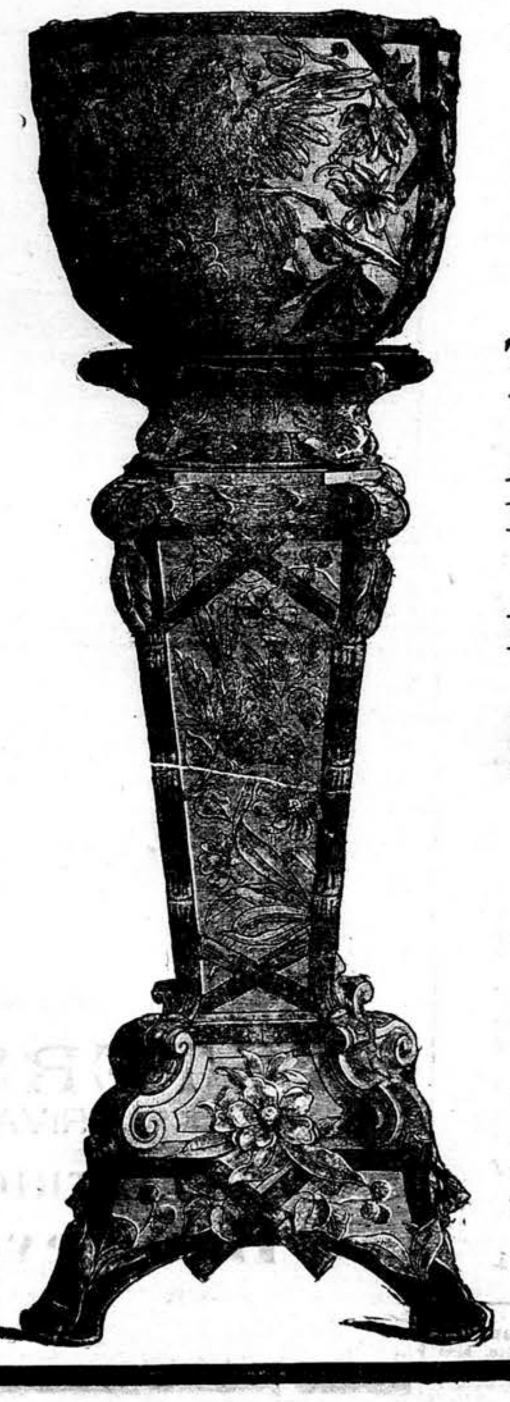

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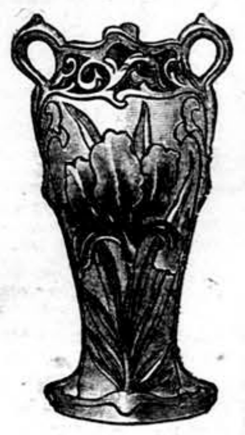

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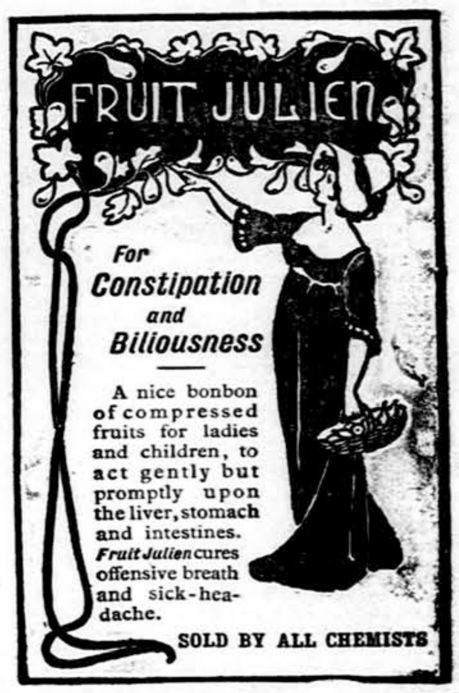

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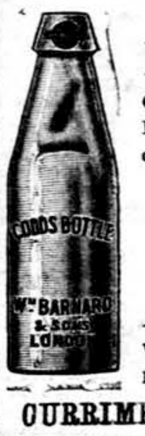

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